Directory of Public Use Data on Tobacco Use in Canada

October 2013

A project of the Ontario Tobacco Research Unit, Program and Policy Research Group.
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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INTRODUCTION

Accessing and using high quality Canadian data collected through surveys has been a challenge for researchers and graduate students. Purchasing data sets can be very expensive and may be an unrealistic option for some individuals. As a result, this directory has been prepared to help researchers and students locate data on smoking and tobacco use by providing a comprehensive list of public use survey data.

The directory is organized into two sections. The first section of this directory contains general information about obtaining data sets. The second section contains detailed information on the surveys listed in this directory.

Hopefully, this directory will be useful to those who want to access microdata files for their research or work. It is anticipated that this directory will be updated every 18 months. It would be appreciated if users would provide updates that can be incorporated in later versions.

Questions, comments, and updates may be directed to:

Ontario Tobacco Research Unit (OTRU)
33 Russell Street
Toronto, Ontario
M5S 2S1
Ph: (416) 595-6888
Fax: (416) 595-6068
E-mail: info@otrư.org
Website: http://www.otru.org/

Karen Pieters
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200 University Avenue West, LHN 2704
Waterloo, Ontario
N2L 3G1
Ph: (519) 888-4567 ext. 35219
Fax: (519) 746-8171
E-mail: kpieters@uwaterloo.ca
DATA SOURCES

Statistics Canada
“Statistics Canada produces statistics that help Canadians better understand their country—its population, resources, economy, society and culture.”
http://www.statcan.gc.ca/about-apercu/about-apropos-eng.htm

Statistics Canada Website
Statistics Canada information can be accessed through their website (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/)
This website is filled with up-to-date information. The information below is available to the public through the website.

The Daily
The Daily is Statistics Canada’s official news release and is published each working day.
http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dai-quo/a-daily-quotidien-eng.htm

Summary Tables
Summary tables present “an overview of statistical information on Canada’s people, economy and governments.”
http://www40.statcan.ca/l01/cst01/

Community Profiles
Community Profiles present community-level information from the Census. Using the search window, users can enter in a place name to obtain information about the location of interest.

The Census
The Census collects information about the demographic, social and economic characteristics of the Canadian population. Data products can be accessed at:
http://www12.statcan.ca/census-recensement/index-eng.cfm

CANSIM Database
“CANSIM is Statistics Canada's key socio-economic database. Updated daily, CANSIM provides fast and easy access to a large range of the latest statistics available in Canada.”
CANSIM can be searched at:
http://www5.statcan.gc.ca/cansim/a00?lang=eng&mode=aboutCansim
Publications by Statistics Canada


Health Indicators Database

The Health Indicators database (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/data-donnees/ftp/hi-is-eng.htm) provides a set of core data for the examination of the health situation in Canada. The aggregated data is organized into the following 4 categories: determinants of health, health status, health resources indicators and health utilizations indicators.

Open Data


Data Liberation Initiative (DLI)

Post-secondary institutions that participate in DLI pay an annual subscription fee that allows their faculty and students unlimited access to numerous Statistics Canada public use microdata files, databases, and geographic files. For more information on the DLI: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/about-apropos-eng.htm

To obtain data sets through the DLI, and for further information about requesting and referral of data, contact your institution’s DLI representative http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm. DLI licencing restrictions apply when accessing data through the DLI.

Custom Data Orders

Statistics Canada provides free cost and time estimates for custom data orders. Contact infostats@statcan.gc.ca with complete contact information, and all necessary request information (e.g. variables, geographic areas, time period and frequency of data) so that they can provide an accurate estimate.

Research Data Centres (RDCs)

Staffed by Statistics Canada employees, RDCs provide researchers with access to detailed information from household and population surveys in a secure university setting. Access to data is limited to researchers with approved projects who take an oath and sign a contract. Only a limited number of data sets are available through the RDCs. A list of RDCs can be found at http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/network-reseau-eng.htm. Additional information about RDCs can be found at http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm. A listing of data sets available through RDC can be found at http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/data-donnee-eng.htm
Depository Services Program (DSP)
The Depository Services Program is a central distribution site for published Canadian
government information. For more information on this program visit:
http://publications.gc.ca/site/eng/programs/aboutDsp.html

CADRISQ
The CADRISQ (http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees_an.htm) is the research
data access centre of the Institut de la statistique du Québec (ISQ). As part of the ISQ mandate,
CADRISQ promotes the use of its survey microdata files, making them accessible contingent on
certain confidentiality-related requirements, to researchers, university professors and students,
and researchers in institutional and community milieus, thus broadening its reputation while
contributing to the promotion of research and training in social statistics. In April 2005,
CADRISQ’s mandate was consolidated through a partnership with the Québec Inter-University
Centre for Social Sciences (CIQSS) and the Université de Montréal.

Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA)
The Canadian Opinion Research Archive is housed at the School of Policy Studies at Queens
University. “CORA makes available commercial and independent surveys to the academic,
research, and journalist communities” (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/index.html). Data may be
accessed for non-commercial purposes, free of charge through Nesstar
(http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html). Individual data cannot be downloaded.

Institute for Social Research (ISR)
The ISR houses the largest university-based survey research unit in Canada and conducts over 25
research survey projects each year. More information about the ISR can be found on their
website: http://www.yorku.ca/isr/.

The ISR has a data archive that houses data sets from research conducted at the Institute. All
faculty, staff and students associated with York University can access the data archive free of
charge. Charges may apply to outside users. On a fee-for-service basis, ISR conducts research
projects, provides consultation on research design, and undertakes data collection, processing
and statistical analysis. These services are provided for researchers from other universities,
government agencies, and public organizations.

Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR)
The Inter-University Consortium for Political and Social Research (ICPSR) maintains data
archive of research pertaining to social sciences. Members of ICPSR can access the data for their
own use and learn from work done by other researchers in their field. Although most holdings
contain U.S. data, there are some Canadian data. Several Canadian university libraries are
members of ICPSR.
Refer to [http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/membership/administration/institutions](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/membership/administration/institutions) for a list of member institutions.

Searching ICPSR can be done through their website by investigator, topic, series etc. [http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/membership/administration/institutions](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/membership/administration/institutions)

For non-members, some datasets are available for free whereas other are available on a fee basis. More information can be found at: [http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/content/membership/index.html](http://www.icpsr.umich.edu/icpsrweb/content/membership/index.html)

**Ontario Data Documentation Extraction Service and Infrastructure (ODESI)**

Through ODESI researchers are able to search for survey questions (variables) across hundreds of datasets, conduct basic tabulations and analysis online, and download most datasets for further analysis. ODESI uses the Data Documentation Initiative (DDI) social science data standard. Further information about ODESI is available at: [http://search2.odesi.ca/home/index.html](http://search2.odesi.ca/home/index.html). The ODESI data portal is located at: [http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/](http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/). Core data access is restricted to OCUL member institutions ([http://www.ocul.on.ca/node/37](http://www.ocul.on.ca/node/37)).

**Population Health Data Repository (PHDR)**

The Population Health Data Repository (PHDR) is an archive of data sets and metadata from original studies conducted by tobacco researchers across Canada. The repository was developed as part of the Interdisciplinary Capacity Enhancement (ICE) program, under the direction of Dr. Paul McDonald of the Population Health Research Group, University of Waterloo. The PHDR is now supported by the Propel Centre for Population Health Impact at the University of Waterloo.

Data can be viewed on the repository website: [http://nesstar.uwaterloo.ca/webview/index.jsp](http://nesstar.uwaterloo.ca/webview/index.jsp). To protect the data, users of the site can only view information about the data collection and view the number of cases that match their criteria. To be granted access to data collections housed in the PHDR, researchers are required to submit a proposal. Proposals are forwarded to the owners of the data. Those whose proposals are approved are required to sign a licence agreement that requires ethical use of the data. Details about the proposal process can be found at: [https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository/accessing-data](https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository/accessing-data)

**Social Program Evaluation Group (SPEG)**

The Social Program Evaluation Group (SPEG) is a “multi-disciplinary applied research development and evaluation unit within Queen’s University”. “SPEG is recognized nationally and internationally for multi-disciplinary applied research and evaluation projects designed to inform social policy and programs.” SPEG has some microdata available for public use on the following surveys which have some tobacco content: Health Behaviours in School-aged Children - Canadian and International Survey (1990, 1994, 1998, 2002, 2006) and the Canadian
Youth Sexual Health & HIV/AIDS Study (2001). For more information email: spegmail@queensu.ca or visit the website at: http://orgs.educ.queensu.ca/speg/

**Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System (TIMS)**
The Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System (TIMS) is a web-based application that is designed to provide up-to-date data on key tobacco control indicators from key national and provincial surveys. Users can search hundreds of tobacco indicators and customize results by population of interest, level of geography etc. Results are available in a variety of display options and can be easily printed or downloaded for reports and presentations. Additional information and tutorials about TIMS can be found at http://tims.otru.org. To access the data portal visit http://tims.otru.org/Search.aspx.

**The Dataverse Network™ Project**
The Dataverse Network is a data repository for research data that supports sharing of open data. More information can be found at: http://thedata.org/.

**Other Websites**
Some interesting Canadian, U.S. and international websites in which to conduct your own search for public use data are listed below.

**Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)**
The National Centre for Health Statistics (NCHS) (http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/about.htm) is the principal health statistics agency in the U.S. Data are available to the public at (http://www.cdc.gov/DataStatistics/ in various forms (electronic media and on-line access). Most data are available for purchase and use.

**National Technical Information Service (NTIS)**
The National Technical Information Service (http://www.ntis.gov/about/index.aspx) serves the United States as the “largest central resource for government-funded scientific, technical, engineering, and business related information available today.”

**RefWorks-COS**
“RefWorks-COS provides tools, data and support for every phase of research, from vetting the first hypothesis to obtaining funding and getting published.” More information about this organization and the services it provides is available at: http://www.refworks-cos.com/.

**Roper Center for Public Opinion Research**
The Roper Center (http://www.ropercenter.uconn.edu/about_roper.html) at the University of Connecticut is “one of the world's leading archives of social science data, specializing in data from surveys of public opinion.” Although most datasets in the archive are from the U.S., over 50 nations are represented. Members of registered institutions can search the online database of
the Roper Center holdings for survey data:
http://webapps.ropercenter.uconn.edu/CFIDE/cf/action/catalog/

Marketing and Survey Research Companies
The following is a list of marketing and research companies. Each of the following companies have conducted surveys for several Canadian federal and/or provincial government departments. The data collected by these research companies are not owned by them but by their contractor. For more information on the types of services provided by these companies please contact them directly.

Decima Research
Website: http://www.decima.com/en/

Gallup Canada Inc.
Website: http://www.gallup.com/Home.aspx

Hill and Knowlton
Website: http://www.hillandknowlton.com

Ipsos Reid Group, Inc.
Phone: (888) 210-7425
Website: http://www.ipsos.ca
This section of the directory contains an alphabetized listing of surveys that contain some tobacco content. Datasets from these surveys may be available to researchers and students. Detailed information about each survey has been presented in the following manner:

1) the LOCATION of the data set
2) a brief DESCRIPTION of the survey
3) a bibliography of tobacco related REPORTS/PUBLICATIONS associated with the survey or data
4) any TECHNICAL INFORMATION about the survey
5) any COSTS to obtain the data and/or reports
6) CONTACT INFORMATION
7) any RESTRICTIONS on use of the data (such as licensing agreements).

Refer to Table 1 for a summary of the location(s) of the datasets of the surveys contained in this directory. The abbreviated and full names of the location of the datasets referred to in this directory are provided below.

CAMH: Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) (http://www.camh.net)
CCSA: Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse (CCSA) (http://www.ccsa.ca)
CFLRI: Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute (http://www.cflri.ca/)
CORA: Canadian Opinion and Research Archive (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/index.html).
DLI: Data Liberation Initiative (Statistics Canada) (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/about-apropos-eng.htm)
DSS: Direction des statistiques de santé
ISR: Institute for Social Research (York University) (http://www.isr.yorku.ca/)
ODESI: Ontario Data Documentation Extraction Service and Infrastructure Initiative (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)
PHDR: Population Health Data Repository (http://nesstar.uwaterloo.ca/webview/index.jsp)
RDC: Research Data Centre (Statistics Canada) (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)
SPEG: Social Policy Evaluation Program (Queen’s University) (http://orgs.educ.queensu.ca/speg/)
TIMS: Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System http://tims.otru.org/
Table 1: Location of Survey Datasets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Survey</th>
<th>Statistics Canada</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DLJ</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aboriginal Peoples Survey</td>
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<tr>
<td>Attitudes Toward Restrictions on Smoking</td>
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<td>Attitudes Toward Smoking in Brant County</td>
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<td>CAMH Monitor</td>
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<td>Campbell’s Survey on Well-being</td>
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<td>Canada Fitness Survey</td>
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<td>Canada Health Monitor</td>
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<td>Canada Health Survey</td>
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<td>Canada’s Alcohol &amp; Other Drugs Survey</td>
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<td>Canadian Addiction Survey</td>
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<td>Canadian Alcohol and Drug Use Monitoring Survey</td>
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<td>Canadian Community Health Survey</td>
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<td>Canadian Gallup Poll</td>
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<td>Canadian Health Measures Survey</td>
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*Information last updated for October 2010 update.
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<th>Survey</th>
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<td>Canadian Heart Health Databases</td>
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<td>Canadian Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey</td>
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<td>Community Intervention Survey</td>
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<td>CROP</td>
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<td>Cultural Factors in Tobacco Use Among Ethnic Groups in Toronto</td>
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<td>Decima Quarterly</td>
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<td>Environics</td>
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<td>Environmental Monitor</td>
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<td>Evaluation of the Workplace Smoking Bylaw in the City of Toronto</td>
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<td>General Social Survey</td>
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<td>Health and Activity Limitation Survey</td>
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<td>Health Behaviours in School-Aged Children</td>
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<td>International Youth Survey</td>
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<td>Joint Canada/United States Survey of Health</td>
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<td>Maternity Experiences Survey</td>
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<td>National Alcohol and Drug Survey</td>
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<td>National Angus Reid Poll</td>
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<td>National Longitudinal Survey of Children and Youth</td>
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<td>National Population Health Survey</td>
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<td>Northwest Territories School Tobacco Survey*</td>
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<td>Ontario Alcohol and Other Drug Opinion Survey</td>
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<td>Ontario Child Health Survey</td>
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<td>Ontario Health Survey</td>
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<td>Ontario Student Drug Use and Health Survey</td>
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<td>Ontario Tobacco Survey (Baseline)</td>
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<th>Survey</th>
<th>DLI</th>
<th>Publications</th>
<th>RDC</th>
<th>CAMH</th>
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<th>CFLRI</th>
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<th>Health Canada</th>
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*Information last updated for October 2010 update.*
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Survey</th>
<th>Statistics Canada</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Smoking, Smoking Cessation, Tobacco Control and Programming</strong></td>
<td>DLI</td>
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<td>Social and Health Survey</td>
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<td>Social and Health Survey on Quebec Children and Adolescents</td>
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<td>Survey of Family Expenditures (FAMEX)</td>
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<td>Survey of Household Spending</td>
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<td>Survey of Smoking Habits</td>
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<td>Survey on Smoking in Canada</td>
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<td>Survey on Ageing and Independence</td>
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<td>Survey on Drinking and Driving</td>
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<td>Trends in Smoking in the Workplace in Metro Toronto</td>
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<tr>
<td>Youth Smoking Survey</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

*Note: Information on these locations is based on the October 2010 update.

*Information last updated for October 2010 update.

Location
- Statistics Canada:
  - DLI (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/about-apropos-eng.htm)
  - RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)
  - Publications by Statistics Canada (2001 pumf: product # 89M0020XCB)
  - ODESI (http://odesi1.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- the Post Censal Surveys Program, Institutions and Social Statistics Branch, Statistics Canada sponsored and collected the data
- data are linked to the Census
- on-going occasional survey
- survey provides comprehensive data on the employment, education, language, mobility, health, lifestyle, and housing characteristics of Canada’s Aboriginal population
- survey was designed in consultation with approximately 500 national and provincial representatives of Aboriginal organizations and government departments
- topics include:
  - self-identification of Aboriginal origins
  - disability—seeing, cognitive, mobility, hearing
  - language and tradition
  - health—self-perceived health status, health problems, utilization of health care
  - lifestyle—eating, smoking habits, physical condition, drinking, physical activities
  - social issues—social support, personal safety, problems facing Aboriginal people
  - mobility and tenure
  - schooling—elementary, high school, post-secondary
  - work and related activities
  - expenditures and sources of income
- more details can be found at http://www.statcan.gc.ca/cgi-bin/imdb/p2SV.pl?Function=getSurvey&SDDS=3250&lang=en&db=IMDB&dbg=f&adm=8&dis=2
Reports/Publications


Technical Information

- participants were classified according to whether or not they identified with their Aboriginal origin(s)
- for persons who identified with their Aboriginal origin(s) (i.e. North American Indian, Metis, Cree or Inuit):
  - data file contains almost 700 variables
    - variables included: group with which they identify, language proficiency, disability, chronic health conditions, schooling, work experience
    - other variables included the 1991 Census variables: income levels, marital status, fertility
    - selected census variables were provided for the population who did not identify with their Aboriginal origin(s)
- microdata file provides unaggregated data on the Aboriginal adult population
- sample size = 36,635
- adult population aged 15 years and over

Costs

- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- 2001 microdata available at no charge from Statistics Canada (product #89M0020XCB)

Contact Person(s)

- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)
- RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

Restrictions

- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- RDC: as per RDC conditions and restrictions
- ODESI: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
- proper accreditation must be given to Statistics Canada in all publications or analyses based on the data

Citation Requirement

The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:

- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
• Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
• to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Attitudes Toward Restrictions on Smoking, Ontario (1983, 1991)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University
- Ontario Attitudes Toward Smoking Survey, 1991 (ISR-P739)

Description
- related to other surveys conducted in 1988 (2 surveys), 1991, 1992 - 1993 and 1996 surveys (series of 6 surveys)
- survey collected information concerning attitudes toward smoking by-law legislation plus other related issues
- objectives:
  - assess the level of knowledge and attitudes toward smoking restrictions (1983, 1991)
  - determine the proportion of smoking in the population (1983)
  - compare differences in the above attitudes and knowledge between smokers and non-smokers, and between residents of urban and rural areas (1983)
  - determine predicted compliance with more restrictions on smoking (1983, 1991)
  - determine smoking behaviour, reasons for smoking, reasons for quitting and aids to quitting (1991)
  - determine awareness of health risks associated with smoking (1991)

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- sample size = 1,393
  - adults only
  - Ontario residents

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions
- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
  - contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data
Attitudes Toward Smoking in Brant County (1994)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University (survey # ISR-P775)

Description
- sponsored by COMMIT to a Healthier Brant (an agency funded by the Ontario Ministry of Health, Health Promotion Branch)
- survey was conducted to determine:
  - prevalence of smoking in Brant County
  - attitudinal information on issues related to smoking (potential health problems related to smoking, regulation of smoking within their community)
- telephone survey
- survey gathered data in areas of Brant county that had not been sampled the previous year (e.g. Paris, Scotland, St. George, Burford)

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- sample size = 635
- adult population only
- conducted in Brant County, Ontario
- data formatted in SPSS or card image

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions
- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
  - contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data
CAMH Monitor (1977-2010)

Location
- Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) (http://www.camh.net)
- Institute for Social Research at York University
  - CAMH 1996 (ISR-P799)
  - CAMH 1997 (ISR-P820)
  - CAMH 1998 (ISR-P820)
  - CAMH 1999 (ISR-P846)
  - CAMH 2000 (ISR-P875)
  - CAMH 2001 (ISR-P032)
  - CAMH 2002 (ISR-P048)
  - CAMH 2003 (ISR-P083)
  - CAMH 2004 (ISR-P098)
  - CAMH 2005 (ISR-P109)
  - CAMH 2006 (ISR-P158)
  - CAMH 2007 (ISR-P195)
  - CAMH 2008 (ISR-P218)
  - CAMH 2009 (ISR-P244)
  - CAMH 2010 (ISR-P277)

- TIMS: Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System http://tims.otru.org/

Description
- on going survey
- based on telephone interviews with adults
- objectives:
  - monitor addiction and mental health indicators
  - build knowledge and increase understanding of processes that bring about population change in addiction/mental health
  - inform social policy
  - provide a tool for evaluating health programs and objectives set by government advisory bodies
- topics:
  - alcohol (incl. prevalence, bingeing, driving)
  - smoking
  - illicit drugs (incl. cannabis)
  - mental health (incl. distress, medications)
  - gambling (incl. behaviour and problems)
- data sorted by gender of participants
- survey conducted by York University’s Institute for Social Research, on behalf of the Centre for Addiction and Mental Health
- funded by the Government of Ontario

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- gathers monthly data from rolling cross-section of 200 Ontario residents on their consumption of alcohol and tobacco, and their attitudes toward various alcohol and tobacco policy issues
- based on aggregation of independent monthly surveys and repeated cross-sectional telephone surveys
- conducted with Ontarians age 18 and older
- used “Random Digit Dialing (RDD) methods via Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)
  - within selected households, one respondent age 18 or older who could complete the interview in English or French was selected according to the most recent birthday of household members
  - interviews lasted approximately 25 minutes
- the sample is regionally stratified
Prevalence of Smoking/Tobacco Use Definitions Used:

- **Daily Smoker:** at the present time smokes daily
- **Occasional Smoker:** someone who has smoked 100 cigarettes in his or her life and has smoked in the past month
- **Former Smoker:** smoked at least one month or more ago and at least 100 cigarettes in his or her life (coded as former even if respondent indicated that they presently smoke occasionally, previous conditions applying)
- **Never Smoker:** someone who has not smoked at least 100 cigarettes in his or her life, including respondents who do not recall whether they smoked 100 cigarettes in his or her life
- **Non Smoker:** former and never smokers combined

**Costs**
- charges will vary depending upon the type of data set

**Contact Person(s)**
- Data set is housed at Institute for Social Research, [http://www.isr.yorku.ca/](http://www.isr.yorku.ca/)

**Restrictions**
- Only the tobacco section of the CAMH monitor is available
- Permission required from OTRU before data released
Campbell’s Survey on Well-Being in Canada* (1988)

Location
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute (http://www.cflri.ca/)

Description
- survey was an update up to the 1981 Canada Fitness Survey
- survey looked at the association of exercise in health and the ability to adhere to a regular exercise routine
- objectives:
  - to describe changes in the patterns of physical recreation and physical fitness in the Canadian population between 1981 and 1988
  - to identify the demographic profile of those who increased, maintained, or decreased their level of physical activity during this period
  - to analyze the relationship between health status in 1988 and activity patterns during the period 1981 - 1988, and in particular to examine the impact of low-intensity exercise
  - to examine the relationship between 1981 - 1988 activity patterns and motivation, incentives, barriers, and social circumstances
- several questionnaire items in this survey are comparable to the Canada Health Survey (1978) and the Canada Fitness Survey (1981)
- sponsored by Fitness and Amateur Sport, Health and Welfare Canada and the Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute
- data collected by the Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute
- additional information can be found on the website: http://www.cflri.ca/pub_page/103

Reports/Publications

Campbell’s Survey Results for Canadians with Various Education Levels (unbound report).

Campbell’s Survey Results for Older Canadians (unbound report).

Campbell’s Survey Results for Person with Activity Limitation (unbound report).

Campbell’s Survey Results for Workplace Fitness (unbound report).

Campbell’s Survey Results for Youth (unbound report).

Fitness Results from the Campbell Survey (tables).

*Note: Information regarding location, costs, restrictions, and contact information was last updated in Oct 2010.


Technical Information
- same underlying design as the 1981 Canada Fitness Survey which was a complex, stratified multi-stage cluster design
  - families selected in the 1981 survey acted as clusters in the follow-up survey
- sample size = 4,345 persons (one-fifth of the 1981 sample)
  - aged 7 years and older
  - excluded residents of institutions and remote areas
  - residents of 10 Canadian provinces
  - family units can be reconstructed from the data
  - data were collected in March/April 1988
  - 70.6% response rate (3,068 responded)
  - respondents completed a questionnaire and a series of fitness tests (Canadian Standardized Test of Fitness)
- questionnaire collected information on physical activities, other health practices, determinants of activity, and other health variables
- fitness test had 4 components:
  - anthropometry (height, weight, skinfold, girth)
  - step test (Canadian Aerobic Test of Fitness)
  - tests of muscular strength and endurance (sit-ups, push-ups, grip strength, etc.)
  - flexibility test
- 3% of the sample selected for the follow up were lost due to attrition (i.e. death, emigration or currently living in an institution)
- records were kept on these persons for further study

Costs
- $350 plus taxes and shipping

Contact Information
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute, 201-185 Somerset Street West, Ottawa, Ontario, K2P 0J2, Phone: 613 233-5528, Fax: 613 233-5536, email: info@cflri.ca, website: http://www.cflri.ca/

Restrictions
- before data is released an agreement and licence must be signed
Canada Fitness Survey* (1981)

Location
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute (http://www.cflri.ca/)
- ODESI (http://odesi1.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- data on the fitness of Canadians provides a ‘detailed portrait of the physical recreation habits, physical fitness, and health status of the Canadian population’
- comparisons can be made to the Fitness, Physical Recreation and Sport survey (1976) and the Canada Health Survey (1978/1979)
- topics include:
  - exercise
  - sports and recreation
  - leisure activity
  - blood pressure
  - health conditions
  - physical measurements
  - pulse rates
  - nutritional intake
  - results of a standard fitness test (SFT)
  - demographic and household characteristics
- sponsored by Fitness and Amateur Sport, Health and Welfare Canada, and Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute
- data were collected by the Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute, Ottawa, Ontario
- 2 microdata tapes are available
  - household-based population
  - youth population from the school supplement

Reports/Publications


*Note: Information regarding location, costs, restrictions, and contact information was last updated in Oct 2010.
Regional and Community-Type Differences in the Physical Activity Patterns of Canadian Adults. (1986) (ISBN 1-895724-09-0).


Technical Information
- sample = 23,400 persons
  - residents of 10 Canadian provinces
  - aged 7 + years
  - excluded residents of institutions
  - stratified, multiple stage, cluster sample
- household survey conducted from February to July 1981
  - members of each household completed a questionnaire and a fitness test (Canadian Standardized Test of Fitness)
- school survey supplement conducted in April/May 1982
  - participants completed the standard fitness test (SFT)

Costs
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute: $350 plus taxes and shipping
- ODESI: no charge

Contact Information
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute, 201-185 Somerset Street West, Ottawa, Ontario, K2P 0J2, Phone: 613 233-5528, Fax: 613 233-5536, Email: info@clfri.ca, Website: http://www.cflri.ca/

Restrictions
- Canadian Fitness and Lifestyle Research Institute: before data is released an agreement and licence must be signed

*Location*
- ODESI: [http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/](http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

*Description*
- collects information on the health of Canadians
- after 1999 renamed the Berger Population Health Monitor
- survey discontinued after 2004
- data from the Monitor provides information on:
  - public policy issues
  - evaluation of programs and policies
  - social marketing
  - public information and education
  - planning
  - service utilization
  - context
  - continuity (trends over time)
- survey is conducted semi-annually (summer and winter)
- time-series database
- core set of demographic and health condition/behaviour questions are present in each survey and data set
- common themes in each survey include topics such as:
  - lifestyle
  - health promotion
  - health risk factors
  - health-related policy issues
  - utilization of health services
  - health status
  - health-related policy issues (federal and provincial responsibilities, health care funding)
- additional topics for some surveys include:
  - Winter 1988
    - injury and associated factors resulting in health care
    - medication use
  - Summer 1990
    - access and barriers to health services
    - health problems/conditions
    - incidence of smoking/drinking
  - Winter 1990
    - activity limitation
    - concern about drug, alcohol and AIDS problems
- Summer 1991
  - assisted reproductive technologies
  - information on breast implants
  - care-giving activities
  - working conditions
  - workplace sexual harassment
  - diagnostic screening
  - long-term chronic conditions
- Winter 1991
  - reproductive technologies
  - smoking
  - dealing with family violence
  - drinking
  - physical and sexual abuse
  - preventive health practices
- Summer 1992
  - theme “healthy communities” and “community affiliations”
  - health-related policy issues
  - spending priorities
  - community
  - workplace
- Spring 1993
  - preventive health practices
  - community items related to stress and health
  - workplace items related to stress and health
- Winter 1993
  - preventive health practices
  - health-related policy issues
  - Canada’s health care system (funding, accessibility, administration)
- Summer 1994
  - allergies
  - diagnostic screening
  - sexual practices
  - public policy
  - health related policy issues (government performance, hospital restructuring, service satisfaction, spending priorities)
  - hospital and medical services
- Spring 1995
  - Canada Health Act principles
  - misuse and funding health care
  - incidence of smoking/drinking
  - hospital restructuring
  - injuries
• preventive health testing
• Winter 1995 (Main Survey)
  • tobacco use and views
  • health care insurance (supplementary or extended)
  • extra payment for health care
  • health care budget
  • pharmacy and prescription drugs
  • workplace injury, illness or stress and causes
  • contact during work absences and change upon return
  • blood donation through the Red Cross and risk factors
  • HIV/AIDS testing and reasons for testing
  • sexual contact since 1978
  • risk factors of sexual partner
• Winter 1995 (Supplementary survey)
  • blood donation through the Red Cross
  • HIV/AIDS testing
  • reasons for last HIV/AIDS test
  • sexual contact since 1978
  • risk factors of sexual partner
  • HIV/AIDS risk factors

Special Note
• Canada Health Monitor semi-annual surveys were designed in conjunction with its subscribers to meet their needs for data
• specifics of questionnaire design, including priorities, core tracking, special themes and topics were defined in collaboration with subscribers
• services offered to subscribers include:
  • commissioning proprietary questions
  • supplementary samples of geographic, gender and other subgroups
  • special analyses of the data
  • special presentations and reports
  • special analyses and reports on proprietary questions
• subscribers included:
  • federal ministries
  • provincial ministries
  • professional associations
  • public sector institutions
  • private sector institutions

Reports/Publications
• Top-of-Line Results (2-3 page report of the major highlights of each survey)
• Highlights Report (4-8 page report of selected highlights of each topic in the survey)
• Overview Report (major findings of each topic in the survey is presented in chart form with explanatory text)
• Statistical Tables Report (results of all questions in the survey are presented in this report and all findings are analysed against key variables)
  • geographic and demographic variables include: region, community size, gender, education, age, income, marital status, employment status, occupational status, income, ethnicity
  • health-related variables include: health status, presence of chronic conditions, smoking behaviour, use of health services, family physician, physical check ups and extended health insurance
  • additional variables may be used for the analyses of special topics (e.g. sexual abuse and determinants of health)
  • not all variables are used in every survey


**Technical Information**

• base sample = approximately 2,000 persons (sample varies between surveys)
  • aged 15 years and older
  • living in 10 Canadian provinces
  • excluded persons living in institutions, armed forces barracks, hospitals, prisons, and chronic and long-term care facilities
  • oversampling of 500 in Ontario often occurred for a total base sample of 2,500
  • specific target groups often oversampled (e.g. teenagers regarding smoking behaviour)
  • sampling model included stratification of the Canadian population by 13 regions and 4 community sizes
• regions
  • Atlantic Canada
  • Montreal Census Metropolitan Area
  • Ontario
  • rest of Ontario
  • Quebec
  • rest of Quebec
  • Toronto Census Metropolitan Area
  • Manitoba
  • Alberta
• Vancouver Census Metropolitan Area
• Saskatchewan
• British Columbia
• rest of British Columbia

• community sizes
  • 1,000,000 and greater
  • 100,000 to 1,000,000
  • 5,000 to 100,000
  • under 5,000

• samples in some regions are supplemented in order to obtain sufficient number of cases to support the regional analyses
• results are re-weighted so that each region has its proper weight in the national results
• detailed description of the methodology used in each survey, including questionnaire design, sample distribution, weighting and results are provided to all subscribers as part of the Statistical Tables Report
• questionnaires are administered in English and French by trained interviewers through Price Waterhouse National Survey Centre in Ottawa using computer-assisted telephone interviewing procedures

Costs
• no charge

Restrictions
• ODESI: restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
Canada Health Survey (1978)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - ODES (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- survey was discontinued and replaced by the National Population Health Survey (1994, 1996)
- provided data on the lifestyle and health of Canadians (no data on health knowledge, beliefs, attitudes or intentions)
- variables measured:
  - health risks
  - health status
  - health problems and consequences
- topics included:
  - household and demographic characteristics
  - geographic area
  - life events
  - mobility
  - immigration
  - physical, social and economic characteristics
  - lifestyle (alcohol and tobacco use, physical activities, seat belt use, preventive behaviour)
  - reported health (activity limitations, short-term conditions, accidents and injuries, chronic conditions, impairments, psychological well-being, alcohol-related problems, hearing, vision, and dental status, health problems)
  - service utilization and impact
  - professional services used and location
  - drug use
  - disability days
  - medical devices used
  - physical measures component (blood pressure, cardio-respiratory fitness, height, weight, immune status, glucose, blood cholesterol, body fat (on persons aged 2+ year), uric acid and trace metal levels (on persons aged 3+ years))
- sponsored by Health and Welfare Canada and Statistics Canada
- data were collected by Statistics Canada, Canadian Centre for Health Information

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**
- persons in households was the basic sampling unit
  - 12,000 homes
  - 31,668 persons
  - excluded residents of institutions
  - excluded Yukon, Northwest Territories, Indian Reserves, and remote areas
- personal interview, self-completed questionnaire and physical measures were taken from each participant
  - personal interviews involved 2 questionnaires:
    - Household Record Card (HRC)--collected information on membership and dwelling
- Interviewer Administered Questionnaire (IAQ)--collected information demographics, reported health status and health problems and consequences for each household member
- self-completed questionnaire (for those aged 15+ years)
  - Lifestyle and your Health Questionnaire (LHQ)--collected information on lifestyle, family disease history and the emotional health for each household member
- physical measures were conducted with about 28% of the households who responded to the IAQ
  - PMQ (Physical Measures Questionnaire)--for those aged 2+ years collected various physical measures
  - blood sample from those who completed PMQ (for those aged 3+ years)
- data were collected from July 1978 to March 1979
- target annual sample was 12,000 interviews and 4,200 physical measures

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI and ODESII

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

**Restrictions**
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- ODESII: restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
Canada’s Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey (CADS) (1994)

Location
- Statistics Canada
- Publications by Statistics Canada (Documentation and data files: product #89M0007XCB)
- ODES (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- CADS collected data on the use of alcohol and other drugs by Canadians
- topics included:
  - feelings about laws concerning alcohol and other drugs
  - general state of health
  - stress and ability to handle personal problems
  - tobacco consumption
  - drinking behaviours
  - use of medications and illegal drugs
  - employment activities
  - height and weight
  - socio-demographics
- data were used to make decisions and plan programs by policy makers, health practitioners and researchers
- sponsored by Health Canada, Health Promotion and Programs Branch, Population Health and Issues Directorate
- data were collected by Statistics Canada, Special Surveys Division
- CADS updated and expanded the National Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey (NADS), 1989
- both surveys collected data on the negative consequences of drug and alcohol use but, CADS included an at-risk population, as defined by Canada’s Drug Strategy, phase 2
- CADS detailed the following that NADS did not:
  - use of solvents
  - emerging policy issues
  - temporal patterns of alcohol use
  - dosage and patterns of illicit drug use
  - problems associated with alcohol and other drug use and situations of use
processes by which people seek help for drug problems

Special Note
- Canada’s Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey (CADS) and the National Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey (NADS) have the same Statistics Canada product number

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- not administered regularly
- sample = 16,082 households
  - aged 15 and over
  - excluded the Yukon and Northwest Territories, residents of institutions and households without telephones
- sample was selected using the Elimination of Non-Working Banks technique of RDD (random digit dialing)
- response rate of 75.6% (12,155 households)
- data were collected using the CATI (computer assisted telephone interviewing) method

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

Restrictions
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- ODESI: restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
Citation Requirement
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Canadian Addiction Survey (CAS) (2004)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - DLI (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/data-donnees/ftp/cas-etc-eng.htm)
- Canadian Centre on Substance Abuse (CCSA) (http://www.ccsa.ca/Eng/Priorities/Research/CanadianAddiction/Pages/default.aspx)
- ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- “first national survey dedicated to alcohol, cannabis and other drug use since Canada's Alcohol and Other Drugs Survey (CADS) in 1994”
- designed to provide a detailed assessment of how Canadians use alcohol and other drugs, and the impact of their use on their physical and mental health
- polls Canadians on their attitudes toward measures to control drug use and on their beliefs about the availability of drugs and risks associated with their use
- Health Canada is a major sponsor of this survey

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- data collected using Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI)
- surveyed individuals aged 15 years and over living in Canada

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)
- non-DLI access is available by completing a request form from CCSA; information about accessing the data is available at: http://www.ccsa.ca/Eng/Priorities/Research/CanadianAddiction/Pages/CanadianAddictionSurveyReleaseofMicrodataFiles.aspx
Restrictions

- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- CCSA: as per CCSA conditions and restrictions
- ODESI: data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
Canadian Alcohol and Drug Use Monitoring Survey (CADUMS) (2008-2011)

Location
- Statistics Canada:
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- purpose of survey was to find out how many Canadians use alcohol, drugs and other substances and to find out how many Canadians are affected by the use of these substances even if they are not actually using them
- on-going general population survey of alcohol and illicit drug use among Canadians aged 15 years and older, that was launched in April 2008
- survey derived from and is similar to the Canadian Addiction Survey (CAS) of 2004
- Topics
  - alcohol consumption and use
  - incidence of smoking
  - illicit drug use
  - general health and well-being
  - smoking status
  - pharmaceutical use
  - alcohol and drug use and driving
  - pregnancy and substance abuse
  - effects of drug use in everyday life

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
• random digit dialing
• telephone interviews with people over 15 years of age
• each year, CADUMS will survey 10,080 Canadians from across all 10 provinces (1,008 respondents per province) with an equal number of respondents surveyed each month

Costs
• no charge if obtained through DLI

Contact Person(s)
• DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

Restrictions
• DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
• ODESI: restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

Citation Requirement
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
• publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
• Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
• to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) (2000-2011)

Location

- Statistics Canada:
  - RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)
  - TIMS: Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System http://tims.otru.org/

Description

- survey is a cross-sectional estimate of health determinants, health status and health system utilization for health regions across the country
- continuation of cross-sectional aspect of National Population Health Survey
- includes information on a wide range of topics including:
  - alcohol consumption and dependence
  - chronic health conditions
  - fruit and vegetable consumption
  - general health
  - use of health services
  - height and weight
  - injuries
  - physical activity
  - restriction of activities
  - smoking
- provides information on:
  - socio-demographic characteristics
  - income and labour force characteristics of the population
- funding provided under the Health Information Roadmap initiative: a plan to modernize and standardize health information across the country
- data collected by Statistics Canada
- objective was to provide timely cross-sectional estimates of health determinants, health status and health system utilization at a sub-provincial level (health region or combination of health regions)
- goal was to create a flexible survey instrument that addresses specific health region data gaps, develops focused survey content for key data and responds to emerging health issues and health care concerns
Reports/Publications


Statistics Canada. (2005). Your community, your health: Findings from the Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS). (Product # 82-621-XWE)


Note: Numerous other reports are available from Publications by Statistics Canada (http://cansim2.statcan.gc.ca/cgi-win/cnsmcgi.pgm?Lang=E&AS_Action=Find-Recherche&Res-Ins=Stu-Etu/Pub6&AS_Univ=6&AS_Mode=2)

**Technical Information**

- the CCHS targeted those aged 12 years or older, living in private dwellings in the 10 provinces and 3 territories
- persons living on Indian Reserves or Crown lands, clientele of institutions, full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces and residents of certain remote regions are excluded from this survey
- the CCHS covers approximately 98% of the Canadian population aged 12 or older
- one randomly selected respondent per household, although planned oversampling of youths resulted in a second member of certain households being interviewed
- common content included:
  - alcohol
  - blood pressure check
  - breastfeeding
  - contact with mental health professionals
  - exposure to second hand smoke
  - food insecurity
  - fruit and vegetable consumption
  - general health
  - health care utilization
  - mammography
  - PAP smear test
  - physical activities
  - PSA test
  - restriction of activities
  - smoking and tobacco alternatives
  - two-week disability
  - patient satisfaction
  - administration
  - household record variables
  - income
  - labour force
- socio-demographic characteristics
- health utility index (HUI)
- height/weight
- injuries

- optional content included:
  - breast examinations
  - changes made to improve health
  - depression
  - distress
  - driving under the influence
  - drug use
  - eye examinations
  - physical check-up
  - sedentary activities
  - self-esteem
  - sexual behaviours
  - smoking cessation aids
  - social support
  - spirituality
  - flu shots
  - suicidal thoughts and attempts
  - home care
  - use of protective equipment
  - work stress

- each 2 year collection cycle is composed of 2 distinct surveys:
  - a health region-level survey in the first year with total sample = 130,000
  - a provincial-level survey in the second year with total sample = 30,000

- sample sizes in any particular month or year may increase due to provincial or health region-level sample buy-ins

- both computer-assisted personal and telephone interviews are planned

- for the first collection cycle only those 12 years of age and over are eligible for selection, although it is expected that in future cycles child-specific content will be included

- the provincial-level survey will be 60 min. and will consist of some common content and one focus content topic per cycle
  - focus content is intended to be an in-depth treatment of topical issues (e.g. mental health, nutrition, social support)
  - expected that a set of physical measures be taken for a sample of respondents at some point

- public use microdata file from the 2000-2001 Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS) provides data for 106 health regions or combined health regions across Canada

- data collected from over 130,000 respondents, aged 12 or older, residing in households across all provinces and territories
• the health region-level survey consists of a 45 min. interview
  • 30 min. of common content to be asked of all sample units to meet basic health data requirements on an on-going basis
  • 10 min. of optional content determined by each health region from predefined list of questionnaire modules
  • socio-economic and demographic content will complete the interview

Costs
• no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
• Publications by Statistics Canada: numerous products available at varying costs [link]

Contact Person(s)
• DLI representative [link]
• Statistics Canada [link]

Restrictions
• DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
• RDC: as per RDC conditions and restrictions
• ODESI: restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
• proper accreditation must be given to Statistics Canada in all publications or analyses based on the data

Citation Requirement
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
• publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
• Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
• to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission

*Location*
- ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

*Description*
- contains data which represents the opinions of Canadians on various economic, political, and social issues
- polls are conducted on a yearly basis
- some data has been collected regarding attitudes towards tobacco companies, tobacco control policy and smoking behaviour etc. over various polls

*Technical Information*
- cross-sectional survey
- modified probability sample
- information collected through face-to-face interviews in earlier surveys and later through telephone surveys

*Costs*
- no charge

*Restrictions*
- data may be used for personal, academic research or teaching purposes only
- contact Gallup Canada Inc. if require the use of this data for other purposes

*Citation Requirement*
- it is necessary to cite Gallup Canada Inc. as the source of the data and to indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author / authorized user and not those of Gallup Canada Inc.
Canadian Health Measures Survey (2007)

Location
- Statistics Canada
- RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

Description
- collects information from Canadians through interviews and direct physical measurements (e.g. blood pressure, height, weight, physical fitness)
- participants interviewed for information regarding nutrition, smoking habits, alcohol use, etc.
- data collected will create national baseline data on major health problems
- target population: individual aged 6-79 who live in private occupied dwellings in all provinces and territories
- sample survey with a cross-sectional design

Reports/Publications


Contact Person(s)
- RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

Restrictions
- as per RDC conditions and restrictions
Canadian Heart Health Databases

Location
- Canadian Heart Health Database Centre, Memorial University of Newfoundland (http://www.med.mun.ca/CHHDBC/)
- ODESI (http://odesi1.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- contains data from the first national survey on heart health awareness and clinical measurements in Canada
- holds a sample of 23,129 persons
- the database has been provided by the Health Services and Promotion Branch of Health Canada and the provincial health departments across Canada
- the database holds information concerning each respondent’s experience and knowledge of the following risk factors for heart disease
  - alcohol use
  - smoking habits
  - diabetes
  - salt and fat consumption
  - plasma cholesterol level
  - physical activity, anthropometric measurements, blood pressure, plasma cholesterol and lipoprotein levels are also included in the database as well as demographic information
- for more information: http://www.med.mun.ca/chhdbc/resources.htm

Technical Information
- the Family History Database (1989-1992) has a sample of 9,286 persons focusing on family history as it relates to heart disease
- demographic information such as age, gender and residing province are linked to the data
- detailed information can be found at: http://www.med.mun.ca/chhdbc/pdf/hd8992fc.pdf

Contact Person(s)
- to obtain the database complete the request form at http://www.med.mun.ca/chhdbc/cdreques.htm

Costs
- Canadian Heart Health Database Centre: $50 handling fee for the CD ROM
- ODESI: no charge
Restrictions
- Canadian Heart Health Database Centre: licencing agreement must be signed before the CD ROM is mailed
- ODESI: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

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The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Canadian Tobacco Use Monitoring Survey (CTUMS) (1999-2011)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)
  - TIMS: Tobacco Informatics Monitoring System http://tims.otru.org/

Description
- national survey
- conducted semi-annually (cycle 1: Feb-June and cycle 2: July-Dec); for 2011 one cycle was conducted
- provides statistics on tobacco use and related issues
  - continuation of Smoking in Canada survey
  - questionnaire design borrows heavily from the 1994 Survey on Smoking in Canada
  - some questions have been added for consistency with international surveys which use the concept of smoking behaviour “in the last 30 days”
- data collected using computer-assisted telephone interviewing (CATI)
- funded by Health Canada (data collected by Statistics Canada –Special Surveys Division, in collaboration with Health Canada)
- primary objective:
  - to track changes in smoking status, especially for populations most at risk, such as 15-24 year olds
  - survey allows Health Canada to estimate smoking prevalence for the 15-24 year olds and the 25 year and older groups by province and by gender on a semi-annual basis
- data will continue to be collected on an on-going basis depending on availability of funds and priorities within Health Canada
- more information can be found at: the CTUMS website (http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hc-ps/tobac-tabac/research-recherche/stat/ctums-esutc_2011-eng.php)

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**

- all participants are persons 15 years and older in 10 Canadian provinces, excluding residents of the Yukon, Northwest Territories, and Nunavut and full-time residents of institutions
- stratification:
  - Sampling strategy: in order to ensure that people from all parts of Canada were represented in the sample, each of the 10 provinces were divided into strata or geographic areas
  - Generally, within each province, a Census Metropolitan Area (CMA) stratum and a non-CMA stratum was defined: CMAs are areas defined by the census and correspond roughly to the cities with populations of 100,000 or more
  - In P.E.I., there was only one stratum for the province
  - In Ontario, there was a 3rd stratum for Toronto
  - In Quebec, there was a 3rd stratum for Montreal
  - As part of the two-phase design, households are selected first and then, based on household composition, 1, 2, or no respondents are selected
  - The purpose of this design is to over-sample individuals in the 15-24 year age range
- survey is conducted using a sample of telephone numbers, households (and thus persons living in households) that do not have telephones are excluded from the sample population
  - people without telephones account for less than 3% of the target population
  - the survey estimates have been weighted to include persons without telephones
- Survey Year: 1999
  - sample size: 22,013
  - overall response rate: 82%
  - smoking prevalence: 25%
- Survey Year: 2000
  - sample size: 20,415
  - overall response rate: 81%
  - smoking prevalence: 24%
- Survey Year: 2001
  - sample size: 21,788
  - overall response rate: 77%
  - smoking prevalence: 22%
- Survey Year: 2002
• sample size: 23,341
• overall response rate: 82%
• smoking prevalence: 21% current smokers

• Survey Year: 2003
  • sample size: 21,300
  • overall response rate: 76%
  • smoking prevalence: 21% current smokers

• Survey Year: 2004
  • sample size: 20,275
  • smoking prevalence: 20% current smokers

• Survey Year: 2005
  • sample size: 20,800
  • smoking prevalence: 19% current smokers

• Survey Year: 2006
  • sample size: 21,900
  • smoking prevalence: 19% current smokers

• Survey Year: 2007
  • sample size: 20,900
  • smoking prevalence: 19% current smokers

• Prevalence of Smoking/Tobacco Use Definitions:
  • Daily Smoker: a person who currently smokes cigarettes every day
  • Non-Daily Smoker: a person who currently smokes cigarettes, but not every day
  • Non-Smoker: a person who does not smoke cigarettes
  • Current Smoker: a person who currently smokes cigarettes daily or occasionally

• age groups
  • 15-19
  • 20-24
  • 25-34
  • 35-44
  • 45+

Special Note
• When comparing results across different data releases of CTUMS, Health Canada advises that it is more accurate and reliable to compare results from one wave with those of other waves and to compare annual results with other annual results. For this reason, time series results are presented in 2 separate formats: by wave/cycle and by year.

Costs
• no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

Contact Person(s)
• for general information on CTUMS: TCP-PLT-questions@hc-sc.gc.ca
• DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)
• Statistics Canada (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/reference/refcentre-centref/index-eng.htm)

Restrictions
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• ODESI: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
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• to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Community Intervention Survey (1994)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University (survey #ISR-P777)

Description
- sponsored by the Addiction Research Foundation
- interviews were conducted in 3 Ontario communities (Peterborough, Kingston and Sudbury) in both French and English
- topics included:
  - smoking restrictions (workplace, restaurants, etc.)
  - current policy issues surrounding the use and availability of alcohol and tobacco products (e.g. workplace bans on smoking taxation levels on alcohol, selling beer and wine in corner stores, etc.)
  - respondents’ attitudes about the amount of alcohol and tobacco use that is acceptable to them in various circumstances (at a bar, in someone else’s home, when children are present, etc.)
  - respondent smoking and alcohol consumption and how other people’s drinking affected them
  - operation of a motorized vehicle while/after drinking
  - community activities
  - workplace-related activities

Technical Information
- sample sizes:
  - Peterborough = 1,051
  - Kingston = 1,017
  - Sudbury = 1,050
- CATI (Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing) technique was used to collect the data
- data formatted in SPSS

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171
Restrictions

- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data

Location
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/)
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: http://search1.odesi.ca/
- data can be accessed through CORA: http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html

Description
- surveys focus primarily on the political attitudes of residents in Quebec

Restrictions
- publications based on CORA data collections should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations in the footnotes or reference section of the publication

Citation Requirement
- sample format: CROP Political Survey (month, year) [computer file]. CROP, Inc., Montreal, QB [producer], Canadian Opinion Research Archive, Queen’s University, Kingston, ON [distributor].
Cultural Factors in Tobacco Use Among Ethnic Groups in Toronto (1996)

Location

- Institute for Social Research, York University (ISR-P794)

Description

- purpose of survey:
  - acquire an understanding of variations in patterns of smoking/non-smoking and the role smoking plays in different immigrant cultures
  - identify areas where information and intervention programs need to be focused for different immigrant cultures
  - provide insight into appropriate and effective prevention and cessation messages for different immigrant cultures
  - focus group interviews with immigrant population of 5 ethnic communities (Arab, Chinese, Polish, Portuguese and South Asian)
  - telephone survey with immigrant population of a sample from the Arab and Chinese communities
- topics included in telephone survey:
  - current smoking status
  - stages of change
  - perceived reasons for quitting
  - household tobacco exposure
  - immigration and smoking
  - smoking and ethnicity
  - tobacco information
  - reasons for smoking
  - general questions about quitting
  - environmental tobacco smoke
  - opinions regarding smoking
  - acceptability of smoking within ethnic group
  - health
  - interventions
  - alcohol use
  - marín’s acculturation
- sponsored by the National Health Research and Development Program (NHRDP), Health Canada
- designed and implemented by the Ontario Tobacco Research Unit (OTRU), Addiction Research Foundation (ARF) and the Institute for Social Research (ISR)
Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- sample size = 932
- immigrants from Chinese and Arabic countries
- data formatted in SPSS

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions
- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
  - contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data
Decima Quarterly (1981-1994)

Location
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/)
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: http://search1.odesi.ca/
- data can be accessed through CORA: http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html

Description
- quarterly report aimed at exploring how Canadians feel about contemporary issues and to chronicle changes in those opinions over the longer term
- report started in 1980 and ran for almost 15 years

Technical Information
- report conducted every three months from 1980 to 1995
- each survey has at least 150 questions
- random sample of 1500 Canadian citizens
- information collected by telephone interviews
- study population included all residents (18 years of age and older) of Canada, except those living in the Northwest Territories and Yukon
- survey conducted in English and French

Restrictions
- publications based on CORA data collections should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations
- to ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications

Citation Requirement
- sample bibliographic citations for the CORA data collections are as follows: Decima Quarterly, No. x, (month, year) [computer file]. Decima Research, Toronto, ON [producer], Canadian Opinion Research Archive, Queen's University, Kingston, ON [distributor].

Location
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/)
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: http://search1.odesi.ca/
- data can be accessed through CORA: http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html

Description
- public opinion survey of Canadian citizens

Technical Information
- stratified probability sample

Restrictions
- publications should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations
- to ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications

Citation Requirement
- sample bibliographic citations for the CORA data collections are as follows: Environics Environmental Monitor YYYY-N [title], [ID Number]. Environics Research Group, Toronto, ON [producer], Canadian Opinion Research Archive, Queen's University, Kingston, ON [distributor].

**Location**
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University ([http://www.queensu.ca/cora/](http://www.queensu.ca/cora/))
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: [http://search1.odesi.ca/](http://search1.odesi.ca/)
- data can be accessed through CORA: [http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html](http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html)

**Description**
- regular public opinion survey of Canadian citizens

**Technical Information**
- stratified probability sample

**Restrictions**
- publications should acknowledge those sources by means of bibliographic citations
- to ensure that such source attributions are captured for social science bibliographic utilities, citations must appear in footnotes or in the reference section of publications

**Citation Requirement**
- sample bibliographic citations for the CORA data collections are as follows: Environics Focus Canada YYYY-N (month, year) [computer file]. Environics Research Group, Toronto, ON [producer]. Canadian Opinion Research Archive, Queen's University, Kingston, ON [distributor].
Evaluation of the Workplace Smoking Bylaw in the City of Toronto (1988)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University (ISR-P698)

Description
- survey was conducted regarding the by-law on workplace smoking (implemented March 1, 1988) for the City of Toronto
- 2-stage survey was conducted to determine:
  - attitudes toward smoking
  - awareness of health risks associated with smoking
  - impact of the by-law on residents of Metropolitan Toronto
- survey 1 (January/February 1988) was conducted before the by-law was implemented
- survey 2 (November/December 1988) was conducted 8 to 9 months later after the by-law was in effect
- interviews were conducted in English and Italian

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- sample size for phase 1 = 1,543
- sample size for phase 2 = 1,430
- adult population of Metropolitan Toronto
- data formatted in SPSS or card image

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions
- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data

Location

- Statistics Canada:
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description

- survey was “designed to monitor trends in Canadian society and to provide information on specific policy issues of current or emerging interest”
- information collected:
  - classification information (age, gender, income, education)
  - core content monitors changes in the health of Canadians (repeated to monitor trends)--barriers and bridges to improving health status, current health status (i.e. short and long-term disability, well-being, health problems, height and weight, smoking and alcohol use, sleep, use of health care services, physical activity)
  - focus content (not repeated; specific policy issues)—(i.e. support networks for persons aged 55 years and older, social participation of the elderly)
- many questions were taken from the Canada Health Survey and the Health Promotion Survey
- data from these 3 surveys are comparable
- 1985 survey (cycle 1) did not collect data on health knowledge, attitudes, beliefs or intentions
- 1985 survey (cycle 1) topics specifically related to smoking consisted of: smoking status, use of pipes, cigars or cigarillos daily, number of smokers in household, age at start of daily smoking, brand smoked, tar content of brand smoked, nicotine content of brand smoked, age stopped smoking daily
- 1991 survey (cycle 6) collected data on a range of measures of health status, health care utilization, and lifestyle risk factors focusing on health and disability
- core content section included (repeated to monitor trends): short and long term disability, height, weight, sleep, use of health care services, prevalence of health problems, smoking and alcohol use
- physical activity focus content section included (not repeated; specific policy issues): Bradburn emotional health measure, occupation and health, flu vaccinations and health status classification
- classification content included demographic and household information
- with the advent of the National Population Health Survey in 1994, the health cycles of the General Social Survey are no longer being conducted
• Survey 1995 (cycle 10) focused on families social support and social networks (topics included family and marital history, values and attitudes towards certain areas of family life, joint custody arrangements, family origins, work interruptions, child leaving, fertility intentions)
• Survey 1996 (cycle 11) core subject area was social support with objective to:
  • understand the dynamic between an individual’s social network and help received and provided
  • determine the nature of the help received and provided
• to view a list of topics within each cycle of the survey: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/89f0115x/89f0115x2009001-eng.htm

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**
- cross-sectional survey

**1985 Survey**
- sample size = 11,200 persons (8,070 persons aged 15 to 64, 3,130 persons aged 65 and older)
  - response rate of 86.5%
  - non-institutionalized persons
  - residents of the 10 Canadian provinces
- RDD (random digit dialing) methods was used to collect data from persons aged 15 to 64 years
- personal interviews were conducted with persons aged 65 and older (sampled from the LFS (Labour Force Survey))
- data were collected during the months of September and October 1985

**1991 Survey**
- sample size = 14,875 persons (aged 15 years and older)
  - response rate of 80% (11,924 respondents)
  - residents of the 10 provinces
  - non-institutionalized settings
- 2 separate sampling methodologies were used:
  - stratified RDD (random digit dialing) method to sample households within each stratum in each province, within each household 1 person was randomly selected and interviewed
  - persons aged 65+ were a supplementary sample randomly selected from households that had participated in the LFS (Labour Force Survey)
  - sample included an oversampling of 1,500 respondents by the Senior Secretariat of Health and Welfare Canada
  - survey was conducted monthly from January to December 1991

**1995 Survey**
- sample size = 11,250 persons
- additional sample of 1,250 respondents was sponsored by the province of Quebec
- CATI (Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing) was used to conduct the survey
- data was collected from January to December 1995

**1996 Survey**
- sample size = 10,000 including an additional sample of 1,250 seniors aged 65 and over
- CATI (Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing) was used to conduct the survey
- data was collected from February to December 1996
Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- cost recovery for custom tabulations from Statistics Canada
- Statistics Canada Publications: $1500 to purchase public use microdata file for 1995 (product #: 12M0010XDB), $1600 to purchase public use microdata file for 1996 (product #: 12M0011XCB)

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

Restrictions
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
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- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Health Activity and Limitation Survey (1986, 1991)

**Location**
- Statistics Canada
  - ODESI: (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

**Description**
- post-censal survey used to identify the number and distribution of persons with disabilities in Canada and the barriers experienced by them in such areas as housing, employment, transportation, education, community support, and recreation

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

**Restrictions**
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Location

- Statistics Canada
- Social Program Evaluation Group (SPEG) (http://orgs.educ.queensu.ca/speg/)
- ODESI: (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description

- HBSC was a WHO (World Health Organization) Euro Region cooperative cross-national longitudinal study of 11 countries
- youth aged 11, 13 and 15 were surveyed anonymously at school in classrooms through a self-administered questionnaire
- core set of questions are administered by each country
- country specific questions are administered as additional questions
- objective of study: to promote activities of health promotion and health education in schools and among youth
- core questions were based on the following:
  - demographics
  - physical activity
  - nutrition
  - social isolation
  - health status
  - addictive behaviours
  - oral hygiene
  - injury related behaviours
  - integrations
- specifically, the core topics include health attitudes and behaviours related to:
  - tobacco
  - alcohol
  - other drugs
  - dental care
  - self-esteem
  - injuries
  - violence
  - aggression
  - relationships with peers
  - exercise (leisure activities)
  - fitness level (physical activity)

- nutrition (food consumption patterns)
- school as a healthy workplace
- risk taking behaviours
- minor physical ailments
- use of non-prescription medication
- relationships with parents
- relationships with teachers
- demographics (age, gender, parent occupation, community size)
- focus questions vary between surveys depending on the current issues
- sponsored by Health Canada as one part of a World Health Organization (WHO) collaborative study
- data were collected and analyzed and the survey was designed by the Social Program Evaluation Group, Queen’s University
- more information about this survey is available on its website: http://www.hbsc.org/index.aspx

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**
- **1989/1990 survey**
  - sample = 5,565 individuals in Canada
  - residents of all 10 provinces and 2 territories (Yukon and Northwest Territories) in Canada
- **1993/1994 survey**
  - sample = 7,492 individuals in Canada
  - 2,400 grade 6 students
  - 2,659 grade 8 students
  - 2,433 grade 10 students
  - aged 11 to 15 years (plus or minus 6 months)
  - residents of all 10 provinces and 2 territories (Yukon and Northwest Territories) in Canada

- sampling protocol gives a representative sample for each country that allows for valid cross-country comparisons and longitudinal analyses
- Canadian sample was a cluster by school

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))
- Social Program Evaluation Group, Queen’s University ([spegmail@educ.queensu.ca](mailto:spegmail@educ.queensu.ca))
- HBSC website to submit a data request form ([http://www.hbsc.org/data/index.html](http://www.hbsc.org/data/index.html))

**Restrictions**
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- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Health Canada: Smoking in BC and NL (2005)

Location
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/)
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: http://search1.odesi.ca/
- data can be accessed through CORA: http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html

Description
- conducted by Health Canada
- surveyed the general public (smokers and non-smokers) in NL and BC
- purpose: to measure knowledge, attitudes and behaviours of smokers and non-smokers, and to serve as a baseline against which to measure and evaluate the impact of the smoking bans

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- BC sample: 1468 adults (included 800 smokers) in BC
- NL sample: 1442 adults (included 808 smokers) in NL
- data collected by telephone surveys, random digit dialing
Health Canada: Smoking in QC, ON and SK (2005)

Location
- Canadian Opinion Research Archive (CORA), Queen’s University (http://www.queensu.ca/cora/)
- data can also be accessed through ODESI: http://search1.odesi.ca/
- data can be accessed through CORA: http://www.queensu.ca/cora/5data.html

Description
- conducted by Health Canada
- surveyed the general public (smokers and non-smokers) in QC, ON and SK
- purpose: to measure knowledge, attitudes, and behaviours of smokers and non-smokers, to serve as a baseline against which to measure and evaluate the impact of the smoking ban which came into effect in Saskatchewan on January 1st, 2005, as well as any bans which may result from proposals announced in Ontario and Quebec

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- QC sample: 1404 adults (included 800 smokers) in QC
- ON sample: 1443 adults (included 801 smokers) in ON
- SK sample: 1413 adults (included 802 smokers) in SK

**Location**
- Statistics Canada / Health Canada
  - ODESI [http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/](http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

**Description**
- extension of Canada Health survey
- in 1985, the survey collected information on general health status and on the knowledge, attitudes and health behaviour
- survey intended to:
  - “provide information that would be useful in planning and evaluating health promotion programs in Canada”
  - “serve as a baseline for the evaluation of future promotion programs”
  - “be used to establish norms that would facilitate the comparison of local estimates with those at the national and provincial levels”
- survey was designed to collect information on the “prevalence, distribution, correlates of, and the relationships between health knowledge, beliefs, attitudes, intentions, behaviours and status in the Canadian adult population”
- Montreal and Northwest Territories component conducted in 1986
- intention of 1985 HPS: to establish a national database on health practices and conditions closely related to the health and well-being of our adult population
- it established both national and provincial baseline data on the knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, intentions and behaviours of adult Canadians on a wide range of health promotion issues (e.g. fitness, nutrition, safety and use of tobacco, alcohol and drugs)
- in order to update the HPS database, a 2nd cycle of the survey was conducted in June 1990
- the survey collected information on health risks, practices and status and included topics:
  - self-rated health
  - health improvement goals
  - lifestyle factors (physical activity, nutrition, use of alcohol, drugs, tobacco)
  - health risks and safety precautions
  - health concerns for government
- additions to the 1990 survey included:
  - home and environmental issues
  - sexual health
  - dental health
• sponsored by Health Promotion Studies Unit, Program Resources Division, Health Promotion Directorate, Health Services and Promotion Branch, Health and Welfare Canada
• data were collected by the Special Surveys Division, Labour and Household Surveys Branch, Statistics Canada
• data collected from these surveys assisted in the planning of programs promoting healthy lifestyles

Reports/Publications


*Technical Information*

- conducted over the telephone
- RDD was based on 2 methods of generating telephone numbers: the Waksberg Method and the Elimination of Non-Working Banks Method (see Section 5.3 of the User’s Guide) (the control form was used to select a respondent within the household)
  - a table of Sample Allocation by Province can be found in Section 5.4 of the User’s Guide
- the survey was conducted at the initial time of contact, if possible all interviews had to be conducted with the selected respondent only; no proxy reporting was accepted
  - interviewers were rigorously trained
  - data checks were performed by Statistics Canada
- target population was all persons 15 years of age or older living in Canada, excluding full time residents of institutions, and residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories (1990 only)
  - Statistics Canada estimated 3% of Canadians do not have a telephone and weighted survey estimates accordingly
- the 1990 microdata contains 13,792 records (of an expected 13,941)
- Statistics Canada estimated the overall survey response rate to be 78%
- 1985 Survey
  - sample = 11, 181
  - included all 10 provinces and Yukon
  - non-institutionalized persons (excluded hospitals and prisons)
  - aged 15 and over
- Montreal 1986 Survey
  - sample = 3600
  - sample was from a catchment-area of 3 community health departments
- Northwest Territories 1986 Survey
  - sample = 872
  - residents of Northwest Territories only
  - 14 communities were selected for the survey
  - sample of households was selected in each area
  - one member of each household was randomly selected for a face-to-face interview
  - aged 15 years and older
  - excluded residents of institutions
  - restriction on use of alcohol in 3 communities surveyed may have impacted the results on alcohol use

- 1990 Survey
- sample = 13, 941
- response rate of 78%
- non-institutionalized persons (excluded hospitals and prisons)
- aged 15 and over
- excluded Yukon and Northwest Territories
- province of Alberta sponsored a larger sample size
- sample was “proportionally distributed among provinces based on their population”
- random digit dialing method was used to obtain a sample of telephone numbers and then one randomly selected member of each household was interviewed by telephone

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODES

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

**Restrictions**
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- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
**International Youth Survey (2006)**

**Location**
- ODESI [http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/](http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)
- Statistics Canada

**Description**
- Canadian portion of the International Self-Report Delinquency Study (ISRD) which examines the behaviour and misbehaviour of students in grades 7 to 9 in approximately 30 European countries, United States, and Canada
- sponsored by the National Crime Prevention Centre of the federal department of Public Safety

**Technical Information**
- number of participants: 3200 students in 176 schools in Toronto, ON
- target population: students in grades 7, 8, 9 and attending a public school in the Toronto District School Board or private school in the Toronto Metropolitan Area
- students in special schools were excluded

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

**Restrictions**
- ODESI: data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions

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Joint Canada/United States Survey of Health (JCUSH) (2002)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - DLI (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/about-apropos-eng.htm)
  - Publications by Statistics Canada (product # 82M0022XIE) (This product is available for download at: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82m0022x/82m0022x2003001-eng.htm)
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- collaborative project undertaken by the Health Statistics Division of Statistics Canada and the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS) of the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- one-time telephone survey conducted in Canada and US
- topics
  - chronic conditions
  - function status
  - determinants of health
  - health care utilization

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- questionnaire administered to approximately 3,500 Canadians and 5,000 Americans living in households
random digit dialing
Statistics Canada interviewers collected data for both the United States and Canadian respondents.
data collected for one adult aged 18 years or older per household from persons living in private occupied dwellings
individuals living in health care institutions, nursing homes, full-time members of the Canadian or United States Armed Forces, and residents of the three Canadian Territories were excluded from the sampling frame

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- free online at [http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82m0022x/2003001/4069119-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/pub/82m0022x/2003001/4069119-eng.htm)

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

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- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission

Requirement for using product #82M0022X13
- the following accreditation which is found on product #82M0022X13, is to be used in any publication of any information based on the microdata file: “This analysis is based on the Joint Canada /United States Survey of Health’s public-use microdata file, sponsored by Statistics Canada and the National Center for Health Statistics, which contains anonymized data. All computations on these microdata were prepared by (name of user organization) and the responsibility for the use and interpretation of these data is entirely that of the author(s).”
Maternity Experiences Survey (MES) (2006)

**Location**
- Statistics Canada:
- RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

**Description**
- national survey of Canadian women’s experiences, perceptions, knowledge and practices before conception and during pregnancy, birth and the early months of parenthood
- a project of the Public Health Agency of Canada’s Canadian Perinatal Surveillance System, which monitors and reports on determinants and outcomes of maternal, fetal and infant health in Canada
- developed and implemented by the Public Health Agency of Canada in collaboration with Statistics Canada

**Reports/Publications**


Additional reports and reference material is available at: http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/rhs-ssg/survey-eng.php

**Technical Information**
Contact Person(s)
- RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

Restrictions
- as per RDC conditions and restrictions
National Alcohol and Drug Survey (NADS) (1989)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- NADS was the first Canadian survey to focus on the use of alcohol and other drugs (frequency and volume of use)
- additional topics included:
  - perceived consequences of substance use
  - action taken in response to or in anticipation of consequences of use
  - attitudes and beliefs related to use of substances
  - opinions concerning public policy to stem the use of alcohol and drugs
  - demographic, socio-economic, occupational, ethnic and household information
- provided information on:
  - attitudes and beliefs concerning the consequences of drug and alcohol use
  - individuals’ experiences and behaviour in relation to their own use of alcohol, medications and illegal drugs
  - others’ use of the above substances and effect on the respondent
  - demographic characteristics
- NADS was an initiative of Canada’s National Drug Strategy - “Action on Drug Abuse”
- sponsored by Health Promotion Studies Unit, Program Resources Division, Health Promotion Directorate, Health Services and Promotion Branch, Health and Welfare Canada
- data were collected by Special Surveys Division, Labour and Household Surveys Branch, Statistics Canada
- survey has been discontinued

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**
- survey was conducted in March 1989
- sample = 11,634 persons
- response rate of 79%
- aged 15 and over
- residents of the 10 Canadian provinces
- excluded Yukon and Northwest Territories
- excluded residents in dwellings with > 15 persons
- stratified multi-stage sample of households
- Waksberg method of random digit dialing was used in British Columbia, Prairie provinces and Prince Edward Island
- elimination of non-working banks of telephone numbers method was used in the other 5 provinces and the 2 census metropolitan areas (Montreal and Toronto)
- one person was randomly selected from each household to participate in a telephone interview

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

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- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission

Location
- ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- public opinion poll covering various topics

Technical Information
- survey conducted monthly
- modified probability sample
- data collected by telephone interview

Restrictions
- data may be used for personal, academic research or teaching purposes only
- if the use of this data is for other purposes, please contact the Angus Reid Group
- data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

Citation Requirement
- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers, journals and the like
- authors of these communications are required to cite the Angus Reid Group (Ipsos-Reid) as the source of the data, and to indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author/authorized user and are not those of the Angus Reid Group (Ipsos-Reid)
- permission to include extracts of these data in textbooks must be obtained from Ipsos-Reid

Location
- Statistics Canada:
  - RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- first Canadian survey of children ‘examining a variety of important factors thought to influence child development’
  - data collected will provide a ‘rich source of issues related to education and child development’
- longitudinal survey
  - collects data on a cohort of children; follows the cohort over time
- collects information on the cohort children and their:
  - families
  - education
  - development
  - friends
  - health
  - behaviour
  - activities
  - life experiences
- components of the survey include:
  - school component
  - household interview
  - mathematics computation test
  - vocabulary test
  - self-completed questionnaire (for the older children)
  - measure of socio-economic status (SES) (combination of family income, parents’ occupation and education)
- developed jointly and conducted in collaboration with Human Resources Development Canada and Statistics Canada
Reports/Publications


Wade, T.J., Pevalin, D.J., & Brannigan, A. (1999). The clustering of severe behavioural, health and educational deficits in Canadian children: preliminary evidence from the

**Technical Information**
- based on Labour Force sampling frame
- conducted biennially (every 2 years) as the cohort progresses through adolescence and into adulthood
- 1994 - 1995 survey
  - cohort = 23,000 children (approximately)
  - across Canada (all provinces were represented)
  - aged birth to 11 years
- school component
  - aged 4 to 11 years
  - data were collected through questionnaires completed by teachers and principals for the present school year
  - school aged cohort = 12,500 children
  - 1994 - 1995 school survey data were collected for about 7,000 children from the teachers and for 6,900 from the principals
- instruments included:
  - household record docket
  - background questionnaire (parent response)
  - age-specific questionnaire (parent response)
  - child self-completed questionnaire (age 10-11)
  - teacher/principal questionnaire
  - Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test-R (children aged 4-5)
  - Math Skills Test (children in grade 2)

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

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Location
- Statistics Canada:
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- in 2000-2001 it became a strictly longitudinal survey
- cross-sectional and North components have been taken over by Canadian Community Health Survey (CCHS)
- NPHS is now composed of 2 components: the survey of households (survey ID# 3225) and the survey of health care institutions (survey ID# 5003)
- main survey collected information related to:
  - health status (self-perception of health, chronic conditions, health status index, activity restrictions)
  - use of health services (visits to traditional and non-traditional health care providers, use of drugs and other medications)
  - determinants of health (smoking, alcohol use, physical activity, stress, self-esteem, social support)
  - range of demographic information (age, education, gender, ethnicity)
  - range of economic information (household income, labour force status)
- supplements to the survey were sponsored by Health Canada
- data were collected quarterly (4 times over one year)
- topics included: nutrition, injury prevention and safety, sexual health, smoking, breastfeeding, health care services, consumption of alcohol and other drugs during pregnancy
- data were collected by Statistics Canada

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**
- used the Labour Force survey sampling frame
- sample = 22,000 households
  - all 10 provinces were represented in the sample
  - administered over four quarterly collection periods
  - some limited information was collected from all household members, aged 12 years and over
  - 1 household member was randomly selected to participate in an in-depth interview
- supplements collected data on:
  - selected NPHS participants aged 12+
  - data were not collected in all provinces or Yukon and Northwest Territories
- data provides longitudinal and cross-sectional analyses

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODES

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

**Restrictions**
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- RDC: as per RDC conditions and restrictions
- ODES: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

**Citation Requirement**
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODES:
- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission

Location
- Health Canada

Description
- survey collected data on:
  - smoking
  - snuff and chewing tobacco usage
  - knowledge of smoking-related health risks
  - socio-demographic characteristics
- sponsored by Health Promotion Studies Unit, Program Resources Division, Health Promotion Directorate, Health Services and Promotion Branch, Health and Welfare Canada

Technical Information
- 1982 sample = 7,327 students
  - grades 3 to 12
  - school population in the Northwest Territories
- 1987 sample = 4,959 students
  - school population of the Northwest Territories
  - grades 4 to 12

Costs
- no charge to DAIS users

Contact Person(s)
- Health Canada, dais@hc-sc.gc.ca

Restrictions
- no restriction to DAIS users

*Note: Information regarding location, costs, restrictions, and contact information was last updated in April 2012.

**Location**
- Institute for Social Research, York University (ISR-P790)

**Description**
- yearly survey conducted on smoking behaviour and attitudes and opinions about tobacco and tobacco control policies in Ontario
  - use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs
  - attitudes towards control policies
- 1992 survey focused on:
  - attitudes and opinions on public health policy measures which can reduce the severity of drug related problems for the population as a whole
- 1993 survey focused on:
  - feelings about addiction of the specified substances
  - perceived effectiveness of available treatments
  - people’s experiences with trying to quit or cut down on their use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs
- 1994 survey focused on:
  - no detail available
- 1995 survey focused on:
  - accessibility to beer and liquor stores
  - bringing alcohol into Canada from other countries
  - enrolment in treatment centres for dependency problems
  - relationship between drinking and violence

**Reports/Publications**
  - contains tabulations contains information from Ontario Health Survey, Ontario Opinions Survey and Ontario Alcohol and Other Drug Opinion Survey
  - describes trends in current cigarette smoking throughout the province


**Technical Information**
- 1993 results are based on a sample of 1,035 Ontario residents
- 1995 results are based on a sample of 994 interviews
  - aged 18 and over
  - Ontario residents
  - survey administered over the telephone
  - random digit dialing
- CATI (Computer Assisted Telephone Interviewing) technique was used to collect the data
- data formatted in SPSS

**Costs**
- no charge

**Contact Person(s)**
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171
Restrictions

- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data

Location
• McMaster University

Description
• the 1983 survey was:
  • designed to “obtain estimates of the prevalence of emotional and behavioural disorders among children aged 4 to 16 years”
  • surveyed the “use of mental health, social, correctional and special educational services, and medical care by Ontario’s children”
  • sponsored by the Ontario Ministry of Community and Social Services (MCSS)
• 1987 follow-up survey aimed to determine:
  • the percentage of children in Ontario who have physical, emotional, or behavioural problems
  • which geographical areas in Ontario seem to have a prevalence of children in poor health
  • if adequate facilities and services are available in these areas
• 2000 follow-up survey will “make it possible to examine the possible influences of early experiences on important life transitions, such as joining the workforce, entering into a relationship with someone or becoming a parent”
• more information can be found at [http://www.offordcentre.com/ochs/index.html](http://www.offordcentre.com/ochs/index.html)

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**

- 1983 survey:
  - sampling units were household dwellings
  - sample = 2623 households
  - households were evenly distributed among the 4 MCSS regions (78.2% of households were eligible, 91.1% agreed to participate)
  - non-institutionalized population in Ontario
  - excluded residents of Indian Reserves and those living in dwellings constructed after June 1, 1981
  - stratified, clustered, and random sample from the census file of household dwellings
  - 1981 census was the sampling frame
  - information was collected from the female head of the household (parent) unless the father was a single parent
  - data collection took place from January 27 to February 18, 1983
  - call backs were conducted in March
  - personal interviews were the main method of data collection
  - self-administered questionnaires were used to collect sensitive information on relationships and family functioning
- 1987 follow-up survey:
  - children aged 4 to 12 at the time of the 1983 survey
  - sample = 1,172 (located for the follow-up survey)

**Costs**
- at this time, no costs are involved

**Contact Person(s)**
- [http://www.offordcentre.com/contact.html](http://www.offordcentre.com/contact.html)
- information about data access: [http://www.offordcentre.com/ochs/access.html](http://www.offordcentre.com/ochs/access.html)
- Contact Laura Duncan ([duncanlj@mcmaster.ca](mailto:duncanlj@mcmaster.ca)) for more information and to obtain a data access form

**Restrictions**
- data set is available only to researchers affiliated with a research institution who meet certain criteria
Ontario Health Survey (1990, 1996)

Location
- Ontario Ministry of Health (1990, 1996)

Description
- survey was developed by ‘several provincial advisory committees and task forces to collect more complete information on the health status and needs of Ontarians at the local, regional and provincial levels’
- objectives of the survey were to:
  - measure the health status of the Ontario population
  - collect data on the determinants (risk factors of the major causes of morbidity and mortality in Ontario
  - collect data related to social, economic, demographic and geographical variations in health
  - measure awareness of the risk of behaviours to smoking, drinking, nutrition and exercise
  - collect measures of the utilization of health services
  - provide descriptive data for health units/districts
  - collect data comparable to measures in the Canada and Québec Health Surveys
- survey collected data on:
  - lifestyle
  - health care utilization
  - health problems and consequences
  - eating habits
  - barriers to health care
  - health status
- factors included in the survey were:
  - alcohol use
  - physical activity
  - driving habits
  - nutrition
  - social support
  - smoking
  - legal and illicit drug use
  - women’s preventive health measures
  - weight
  - family relationships
  - both positive and negative risk factors affecting Ontario’s major causes of death
- data collected included:
- demographic information
- education/literacy training
- ethno-cultural
- family-general
- labour
- dwellings/housing
- highest degree/certificate or diploma
- families
- health (smoking was one of many topics)
- time use
- sponsored by the Ontario Ministry of Health and the Premier’s Council on Health Strategy
- framework for the survey came from a ‘Vision of Health’ and a series of ‘Health Goals for Ontario’ developed by the Premier’s Council

Reports/Publications


**Technical Information**

- sample = 49,000 households (or 61,239 persons)
  - response rate of 87.5% for interviewer-administered questionnaire and 77% for self-completed questionnaire
  - aged 12 and over
  - residents of private dwellings in Ontario
  - non-institutionalized residents of Ontario
  - excluded residents of Indian reserves, prisons, remote areas and foreign service personnel
- covered a geographic region of 43 public health units
- interviewer questionnaire collected data on:
  - health care utilization
  - medical insurance
  - health status
  - chronic health problems
  - socio-demographic information
  - use of prescription and non-prescription drugs
  - two-week disability
  - accidents and injuries
  - restriction of activities
  - health problem probes
  - contact with health professionals
- self-completed questionnaires collected data on:
  - lifestyle
  - attitudes and habits that might have a positive or negative impact on health
  - health
  - smoking habits
  - family relationships
  - life in general
  - women’s health
  - occupational health
  - height and weight
  - medicine and drug use
  - alcohol use
  - dental health
  - driving and safety
- sexual health
- physical activities
- comprehensive component on eating habits (consumption levels of foods with cholesterol, calcium, fat, energy, iron, etc.)
- household record form collected data on:
  - household composition
  - gender
  - relationship of respondent to household head
  - age
  - marital status
- no validation used
- data were collected from January to December 1990
- methodological descriptions and user documentation are available from the Ontario Ministry of Health

**Costs**
- data from the Ontario Health Survey 1996 is part of the National Population Health Survey (1996) and is free if obtained through DLI (Researchers who wish to obtain access to the National Population Health Survey only and not the health data from Ontario are advised to approach Statistics Canada directly.
- no costs, in most cases for projects that require NPHS in combination with provincial health data from Ontario. Please note that some Divisions of the Ministry of Health & Long-Term Card do charge researchers based on a cost recovery model, depending on the type of data required.

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative for 1996 data available from NPHS
- Information Management Support Centre Unit (Ontario Ministry of Health), email: IMsupport@ontario.ca to receive a data application form. After initial review the request is forwarded to the appropriate Ministry staff for review. Further documentation may be requested (e.g. research plan, research ethics board approval letter, etc.).

**Restrictions**
- proper accreditation must be given to the Ontario Ministry of Health and Statistics Canada in all publications or analyses based on the data
- to receive data from the Ontario Ministry of Health an application must be submitted, reviewed, and approved
- data from the 1990 survey is not available for public use, the dataset is available to researchers for specific projects through an approved agreement with the Ministry of Health and Long Term Care
- to access data through the Ministry of Health, researchers must complete an application form and meet any other requirements as dictated by Statistics Canada
As per the terms and conditions of the data-sharing agreements currently in place between the Ministry and Statistics Canada, the Ministry is only permitted to disclose Statistics Canada survey data to researchers when it can be demonstrated that the research project supports the accomplishment of the Ministry’s mandate. As this will need to be verified by the relevant internal program areas within the Ministry, it is strongly recommended that researchers identify these contacts/supporting Ministry program areas in advance on the data application form to avoid delays in the review and approval process. Once it is confirmed that a research project does in fact support the mandate/strategic goals of the Ministry, the Ministry must seek and receive formal approval from Statistics Canada prior to entering into a data-sharing agreement and releasing any data. Obtaining prior written approval from Statistics Canada can sometimes cause significant delays in the processing of data requests researchers that approach the Ministry for Statistics Canada survey data are encouraged to consider this while planning their projects.
Ontario Student Drug Use and Health Survey (OSDUHS) (1977-2009)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University
  - 1981 (ISR-P306)
  - 1983 (ISR-P480)
  - 1985 (ISR-P671)
  - 1987 (ISR-P684)
  - 1989 (ISR-P710)
  - 1991 (ISR-P728)
  - 1993 (ISR-P761)
  - 1995 (ISR-P782)
  - 1997 (ISR-P802)
  - 1999 (ISR-P835)
  - 2001 (ISR-P890)
  - 2003 (ISR-P053)
  - 2005 (ISR-P162)
  - 2007 (ISR-P165)
  - 2009 (ISR-P230)
- CAMH has the most current public use dataset

Description
- prior to 2007 the survey was titled the Ontario Student Drug Use Survey (OSDUS); in 2007 the survey was renamed to the Ontario Student Drug Use and Health Survey to better reflect its expanded content
- longest ongoing school survey of adolescents in Canada
- survey conducted every 2 years since 1977
- grades 7-12
- OSDUS contributes to our understanding of current and changing patterns of alcohol and other drug use, the problems associated with substance use, and the social and demographic correlates involved
- survey is administered by the Institute for Social Research at York University
- topics:
  - family and school
  - social health
  - physical health
  - internalizing indicators (mental health)
  - externalizing indicators (delinquency)
  - gambling
  - drug use
  - alcohol use
  - tobacco use
Reports/Publications

- **Document: Drug use Among Students, Findings from the OSDUS, 1977-2001, Series No. 10**


**Technical Information**

- biennial study of student awareness and use of alcohol, tobacco and other drugs was initiated in 1977
- sample population excludes those in private schools, CFB or Indian Reserve schools, and students in the Far North
- survey employs a two-stage cluster design (school, class), and is stratified by region and school type
- schools are the primary sampling unit, regardless of school board
- Northern Ontario was over-sampled
- Prevalence of Smoking/Tobacco Use Definitions:
  - **Daily Smoker**: someone who smokes one or more cigarettes per day
  - **Current Smoker**: someone who has smoked at least 100 cigarettes in his or her lifetime and smoked within the last month
  - **Former Smoker**: smoked at least one month or more ago and at least 100 cigarettes in his or her life (coded as former even if respondent indicated that they presently smoke occasionally, previous conditions applying)
  - **Non Smoker**: someone who has never smoked; tried only one cigarette in the past year; or has not smoked in the past year
- 1977-1995:
  - survey employs a full probability stratified clustered design which selects classrooms of students in a single stage
  - grade – 7, 9, 11, and 13 by region – Metro Toronto, Northern Ontario, Western Ontario and Eastern Ontario
  - data resides in a separate SPSS system file (portable or windows.sav)
Costs
- no charge for microdata

Contact Person(s)
- CAMH publications can be ordered through their website at: http://www.camh.net/Publications/CAMH_Publications/index.html/
- ISR for past OSDUHS cycles
- for the current public use data file: Dr. Robert Mann, Principal Investigator, 416-535-8501 ext. 4496, or Dr. Hayley Hamilton, Scientist, 416-535-8501 ext. 6353.

Restrictions
- data requests for the most current OSDUHS public-use data file are evaluated on a case-by-case basis
Ontario Tobacco Survey (Baseline) (2005-2008)

Location
- Population Health Data Repository (PHDR) at the Propel Centre for Population Health Impact, University of Waterloo
  - data can be viewed on the repository website: http://nesstar.uwaterloo.ca/webview/index.jsp
- information about the proposal process: https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository/accessing-data
- Data Library Service at the University of Toronto: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/
  - information about the proposal process: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/inventory/3000/3941.htm

Description
- provincial longitudinal survey of adult smokers and cross sectional survey of non-smokers on smoking attitudes and behaviours
- survey was undertaken to evaluate and inform the Smoke-Free Ontario Strategy and to gain a better understanding of the processes of, and influences on, smoking cessation and relapse
- smokers are re-interviewed every six months for up to three years
- baseline data collection for the OTS began in July 2005 and concluded in June 2008
- first follow-up data will be available in November 2010

Reports/Publications
Refer to http://www.otru.org/ots_research.html for a list of research and evaluation using data from the Ontario Tobacco Survey.

Technical Information
- sample is stratified into four regional strata defined by telephone area code
- oversampling of recent smokers was used to accommodate attrition in the longitudinal design
- during each month of recruitment quota sampling of recent smokers and non-smokers was maintained
- for each of the six waves of the survey, 1250 new study participants were recruited, comprising: 750 recent smokers who are invited to participate in one baseline (cross-sectional interview) and a minimum of three follow-up surveys occurring in 6-month intervals; and 500 non-smokers who are invited to participate in a single baseline (cross-sectional only) survey
Ontario Tobacco Survey (Baseline) (2005-2008)

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Propel Centre for Population Health Impact: https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository/contact
- OTRU: otru_survey@camh.net

Restrictions
- researchers are required to submit an application
  - Population Health Data Repository: https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository/accessing-data
  - University of Toronto: http://datalib.chass.utoronto.ca/inventory/3000/3941.htm
Participation and Activity Limitation Survey (PALS) (2001)

Location
- ODESİ (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)
- Statistics Canada:
  - RDC (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm)

Description
- post-censal national survey
- collected information on adults and children with disabilities (i.e. those whose everyday activities are limited because of a health condition)
- one tobacco question on the survey: “Do you (does…) smoke cigarettes?”

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- data collected through telephone interviews, proxy interviews and face-to-face
- 76,260 respondents
- census used as a sampling frame for identifying the target population

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESİ

Restrictions
- ODESİ: data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- RDC: as per RDC conditions and restrictions

Citation Requirement
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- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Plain Packaging of Cigarettes Survey (1994)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University (ISR-P780)

Description
- goals:
  - explore grade 7 and 9 students’ perceptions of the differences in “the look” of plain and regular cigarette packages
  - determine if students’ ability to recall a health warning varies according to whether it is placed on a plain or regular cigarette package
  - ask students what effect plain packaging of cigarettes would have on the likelihood that people their age would start to smoke
  - determine the extent to which students associated event marketing advertisements with the cigarette manufacturer
  - young smokers were asked if the price cut in cigarettes affected the amount that they smoked
  - questionnaires were administered in selected classrooms in selected schools and school boards in Ontario

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- sample size = 1,559
  - grade 7 and 9 students in Ontario schools
  - data are formatted in SPSS

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171
Restrictions

- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data
Québec Health Survey (Santé Québec) (1987)

**Location**
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal ([http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html](http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html))
- CADRISQ: [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm)

**Description**
- first large-scale health survey conducted by Santé Québec
- predecessor to the Health and Social Survey (Enquête sociale et de santé), 1992-1993
- survey collected information to assist health planners in:
  - identifying health priorities
  - monitoring health status
  - developing health-related programs
  - evaluating various preventive measures
- survey focused on:
  - state of health
  - factors determining the state of health
  - consequences arising from the state of health
- topics included:
  - lifestyle (alcohol, physical activities, sleeping, drug abuse, tobacco use, use of motor vehicles, preventive measures for women)
  - family history (personal history, family history)
  - environment (occupation, age, education, stressful events, income, gender, social support)
  - health status (activity limitations, accidents and injuries, impairments, hearing and vision trouble, positive mental health, psychological mental health, short-term conditions, chronic conditions, general perception, social problems, suicide)
  - use of health services (professional services used, place of consultation, use of medication)
  - effect on ability to function (disability days, need for assistance, mobility, effect on roles)
- sponsored by Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux and Départements de santé communautaire
Reports/Publications

Available in English and/or French:


**Available in French only:**


Note: Visit the website for a list of reports, monographs, and technical reports. [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/publications/sante/sante_1.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/publications/sante/sante_1.htm)
Technical Information

- sample = 320 households were interviewed in each 32 Departments of community health (or 11,323 households or 32,003 individuals)
- response rate of 81%
- data were collected in 8 waves of 3 week periods spread over 1 year to minimize seasonal bias
- only respondents aged 15 or older completed the self-administered questionnaire
- all households in the provincial health regions in Québec
- excluded region 10 (Nouveau-Québec) and Indian reserves
- sample represented about 99% of the target population
- 2 stage stratified sample was chosen by socio-health region and by level of homogeneity
- 2 instruments collected data in the respondents’ home:
  - closed questionnaire (personal interview) administered by an interviewer (key informant provided information for the household)
  - self-administered questionnaire completed by each member of the household aged 15 and over

Costs

- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations

Contact Person(s)

- Direction des statistiques de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions

- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing statistics contact Gaëtane Dubé, Direction des statistiques de santé, ISQ (gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Québec Health Survey among the Inuit of Nunavik (Enquête Santé Québec auprès des Inuits du Nunavik) (1992)

**Location**
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

**Description**
- topics included:
  - determinants of health
  - lifestyle
  - cardiovascular risk factors
  - preventive practices (physical and mental health, consequences of ill-health)
- sponsored by Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux and Departements de santé communautaire

**Reports/Publications**

**Technical Information**
- sample = 305 households (1,567 individuals)

**Costs**
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations
Contact Person(s)
- Direction des statistiques de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions
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- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Québec Health Survey of the James Bay Cree (Enquête Santé Québec auprès des Cris de la Baie James) (1991)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

Description
- topics included:
  - determinants of health
  - lifestyle
  - cardiovascular risk factors
  - preventive practices (physical and mental health, consequences of ill-health)
- sponsored by Ministère de la Santé et des Services sociaux and Départements de santé communautaire

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- sample = 354 households (1,999 individuals)

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations

Contact Person(s)
- Direction des statistiques de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
Québec Health Survey (Enquête Santé Québec) of the James Bay Cree (1991)

- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions
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Quebec’s Population Health Survey (2008)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal [http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html](http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/eng_sante.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/eng_sante.htm)

Description
- survey focuses on some aspects of physical and mental health and certain lifestyle choices that affect health, including perceived health status, psychological distress, musculoskeletal injuries and disorders, oral health, weight status and use of weight loss products or methods, drug use, sexual behaviours, and contraceptive use

Reports/Publications
- A list of publications, monographs and technical reports can be found at: [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/publications/sante/eng_sante_pop_rapport_an.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/publications/sante/eng_sante_pop_rapport_an.htm)

Technical information
- target population: persons aged 15 and over living in private households in Québec, excluding those in collective households and on Indian reserves.
- survey also excludes persons living in the regions of Nunavik and Terres-Cries-de-la-Baie-James.
- target population of the EQSP accounts for 6,326,523 Quebecers aged 15 and over.
- sample: this telephone survey of 38,000 individuals aged 15 and over from different regions of Québec was conducted between February 2008 and March 2009

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations

Contact Person(s)
- Direction des statistiques de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Jasline Flores [jasline.flores@stat.gouv.qc.ca](mailto:jasline.flores@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, [marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca](mailto:marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ex. 6022, [lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca](mailto:lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, [manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca](mailto:manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
Restrictions

- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing statistics contact Jasline Flores, Direction des statistiques de santé, ISQ (jasline.flores@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
- For more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Quebec Survey of High School Students (2010-2011)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal [http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html](http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm)

Description
- type of survey: quinquennial survey on health among secondary school students in Québec
- topics included: perception of health, respiratory health (wheezing and asthma), eating habits, sexual behaviours in students 14 years and older, weight and body image, dental health, cigarette smoking, alcohol use, drug use, work experience, leisure physical activity and as means of transportation, mental health, social competency, school environment, family environment, peer group characteristics, sociodemographic conditions, sociodemographic characteristics

Reports/Publications
- A list of publications, monographs and technical reports can be found at: [http://www.eqsjs.stat.gouv.qc.ca/diffusion_an.htm](http://www.eqsjs.stat.gouv.qc.ca/diffusion_an.htm)

Technical information
- target population: students in Secondary 1 through Secondary 5 enrolled in public and private French and English high schools in Québec
- conducted in 16 health regions of Québec, with the exception of the Terres-Cries-de-la-Baie-James (James Bay Cree Lands) and Nunavik.
- sample: 63,196 students in 470 schools and 2,651 classes

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations

Contact Person(s)
- Direction des statistiques de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Mikaël Berthelot mikael.berthelot@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ex. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca
Restrictions

- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing statistics contact Mikaël Berthelot, Direction des statistiques de santé, ISQ (mikael.berthelot@stat.gouv.qc.ca)

- For more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Québec Survey on Heart Health (Enquête québécoise sur la santé cardiovasculaire)(1990)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

Description
- topics included cardiovascular disease risk factors
  - knowledge
  - family history
  - treatment
  - health services use

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- sample = 2,354 individuals
  - aged 18 to 74 years
  - living in the province of Québec

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations

Contact Person(s)
- Direction des statistiques sociales, démographiques et de santé, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec,
Québec Survey on Heart Health (Enquête québécoise sur la santé cardiovasculaire) (1990)

H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé
gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca

- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-
marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext.
  6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090,
  manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions
- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing statistics
  contact Gaëtane Dubé, Direction des statistiques de santé, ISQ
  (gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata
  file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-
marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at
  http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Quebec Survey on Tobacco Use in Secondary School Students
(Enquête québécois sur le tabagisme chez les élèves du secondaire)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

Description
- biannual survey on tobacco, alcohol and drug use, and gambling in Quebec secondary school students
- topics included:
  - prevalence of tobacco use, frequency of use and quantity of tobacco consumed
  - social factors associated with the use of tobacco by young persons
  - accessibility of tobacco products
  - attitudes and beliefs regarding the harmful effects of smoking
  - exposure to tobacco smoke in the environment
  - attempts to stop smoking
- additional topics added starting in September 2000:
  - prevalence of alcohol and drug use
  - polyconsumption of psychoactive substances
  - prevalence of games of chance
  - factors related to playing games of chance

Reports/Publications
- A list of publications, monographs and technical reports can be found at:

Technical Information
- 1998 sample = 4,238 young people
- 2000 sample = 4,730 young people
- 2002 sample = 4,771 young people
- 2004 sample = 4,726 young people

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations
Contact Person(s)

- **Direction des statistiques de santé**, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- Data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- Reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions

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- For more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm

Location

Description
- series of on-going monthly telephone surveys designed to monitor community trends in risk factors within the service area of participating health units
- provides timely data relevant to local public health needs
- adaptable to collect information on emerging issues
- administered by ISR

Technical Information
- telephone survey
- conducted in Ontario
- core and optional modules
- 20 minute telephone interview
- sample
  - adult population 18 years and older
  - English and French speaking adults only
  - approximately 100 surveys per public health unit per month
- 2 stage probability selection process
  - 1st stage—household selection (random selection of residential telephone numbers)
  - 2nd stage—choose one adult per household using the most recent birthday method

Costs
- no charge to view the data online

Contact Person(s)
- Lynne Russell, Ontario Coordinator: (905) 825-6000 Ext 7581, Lynne.Russell@halton.ca

Restrictions
- core prevalence data is available to the public on the website
- RRFSS members are able to login to access analysis tools and administrative documents
- request that any published material derived from the data acknowledge RRFSS as the original source (Suggested Citation for Online RRFSS Database: Rapid Risk Factor Surveillance System, Ontario, Canada, [appropriate year])
Smoking and Harm Reduction – Survey 1 (2005)

**Location**
- Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) ([http://www.camh.net/](http://www.camh.net/))

**Description**
- sponsored by OTRU as an Investigator award to John Cunningham
- survey was conducted to:
  - conduct an experimental trial to test whether safer smoking information results in an immediate increase in intentions to quit smoking
  - address the questions of whether:
    - smokers’ reactions to safer smoking information are moderated by stage of change (i.e. do smokers who are already thinking about change react differently to safer smoking information than smokers who are not considering change)
    - smokers’ reactions to safer smoking information are mediated by increases in perceived choice (i.e. smokers who receive the information and experience a greater increase in perceived choice will display greater increases in intentions to quit as compared to smokers who receive the information and display a smaller increase in perceived choice)
  - assess the current level of knowledge regarding safer smoking techniques in Ontario smokers

**Reports/Publications**


Technical Information
- telephone survey
- sample size = 434
- adult daily smoking population only
- conducted in Ontario
- data formatted in SPSS or card image

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- John Cunningham, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, Email: John_Cunningham@camh.net

Restrictions
- none

Location
- Centre for Addiction and Mental Health (CAMH) (http://www.camh.net/)

Description
- sponsored by Johnson and Johnson Consumer Group of Companies
- survey was conducted to assess the level of knowledge about, and use of, harm reduction techniques in a representative sample of current smokers
- key issues examined included reduced smoking goals and the use of nicotine replacement therapy as a harm reduction goal

Reports/Publications

Technical Information
- telephone survey
- sample size = 889
- adult daily smoking population only
- conducted in Canada
- data formatted in SPSS or card image

Costs
- no charge

Contact Person(s)
- John Cunningham, Centre for Addiction and Mental Health, Email: John_Cunningham@camh.net

Restrictions
- none
Smoking, Smoking Cessation, Tobacco Control and Programming: A Quantitative and Qualitative Study, Ontario (1996)

Location
- Institute for Social Research, York University (ISR-P797)

Description
- quantitative and qualitative study on health and public policy issues in smoking and smoking cessation
- quantitative component (telephone questionnaire):
  - smoking history
  - reasons for smoking
  - type of cigarettes smoked and perceived benefits of smoking light cigarettes
  - reasons for quitting smoking
  - questions about second-hand smoke including compensating behaviour by non-smokers
  - health impacts of smoking
  - attitudes about restrictions on smoking in public places and other public policy issues around smoking
  - smokers and non-smokers views of each others’ behaviour
- qualitative component
  - 5 focus groups with people who completed the telephone survey and lived in Metro Toronto)
  - groups consisted of smokers (2 groups), former smokers (1 group) and non-smokers (2 groups)
  - topics included:
    - where smokers felt comfortable smoking
    - smokers and non-smokers view on what was considerate and inconsiderate behaviour by smokers and non-smokers
    - views on tobacco restrictions and efforts to prevent young people from starting to smoke
    - in-depth face-to-face interviews with residents of Metro Toronto who completed the telephone interview (excluded participants of the focus groups)

Reports/Publications
Technical Information

- quantitative component
  - sample obtained from random digit dialing
  - population base of 1,764 Ontario adults
- qualitative component
  - 5 focus groups of a total of 35 respondents who had participated in the quantitative survey and who lived in the Metro Toronto area
  - 20 in-depth interviews with individual respondents

Costs

- no charge

Contact Person(s)

- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions

- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

Description
- follow-up to the Québec Health Survey (Enquête Santé Québec), 1987
- topics included:
  - lifestyles (alcohol consumption, drug use, smoking, weight problems, leisure-time physical activity)
  - social environment (social support, job attitude)
  - preventive behaviours (women’s preventive health practices)
  - perceived health status (self-rated health status)
  - mental health (psychological distress, suicidal thoughts and attempts)
  - physical health (accidents with injuries, functional autonomy)
  - use of health and social services
  - use of medication
  - health and socio-economic status
  - health and alcohol abuse
  - health and the family
  - caregiving

Reports/Publications


Technical Information

- sample = 13,266 households (34,848 individuals)
  - all private household in Québec
  - excluded the Cree and Inuit regions and Indian reservations
  - response rate = 87.2% for the household questionnaire
- 2-level sampling plan
- sample was stratified by:
  - health and social service region
  - homogeneous zone
- stratification allowed for analyses of each service region and representation of various geographical zones
- data were collected from November 1992 to November 1993
- 2 instruments collected data in the respondents’ home:
  - closed questionnaire (personal interview) administered by an interviewer (key informant provided information for the household)
  - self-administered questionnaire completed by each member of the household aged 15 and over
- data were weighed by age, gender and health and social service region
- sample 1998=11,986 households (30,386 individuals)
- technical information for the 1998 is available in French only at [http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/methodologie/default.htm](http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/methodologie/default.htm)

Costs

- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations
Contact Person(s)
- **Direction des statistiques et de santé**, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
- data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcel@stat.gouv.qc.ca
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Restrictions
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- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcel@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm
Social and Health Survey on Québec Children and Adolescents
(Enquête sociale et de santé auprès des enfants et adolescents québécois)(1999)

Location
- detailed microdata are located at Direction des statistiques de santé (DSS)
- data is accessed through a research data access centre (CADRISQ) which is also part of the Quebec Inter-University Centre for Social Statistics (QICSS), located at the Université de Montréal (http://www.ciqss.umontreal.ca/index.html)
- CADRISQ: http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/enq_sante.htm

Description
- survey on the physical and mental health and well-being of Quebec youth aged 9, 13 and 16
- topics:
  - asthma
  - risk factors for cardiovascular diseases
  - accidents with injuries
  - safe sexual practices
  - self-esteem
  - parental emotional support
  - scholastic expectations
  - violence at school
  - physical activity
  - TV viewing time
  - obesity

Reports/Publications
- report of results of this survey available for order at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/publications/sante/enfant-ado_an.htm

Technical Information
- sample=3700 children and adolescents in 182 primary and secondary schools in Quebec
- excluded young people enrolled in an educational institution outside the Quebec school board network, an aboriginal school, in schools in outlying city or town, or in schools where 50% or more of the children were handicapped

Costs
- no charge to access microdata
- may be some costs for customized compilations
Contact Person(s)

- **Direction des statistiques de santé**, Institut de la statistique du Québec, 1200 Avenue McGill College, 5e étage, Montréal, Québec, H3B 4J8, Phone: (514) 873-4749, Fax: (514) 864-9919, Gaëtane Dubé gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca
  - data bases: Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, 514-343-2299, marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca
  - reports, monographs and publications: Lise Ménard-Godin, 1-800-463-4090, ext. 6022, lise.menard-godin@stat.gouv.qc.ca or Manon Leclerc, 1-800-463-4090, manon.leclerc@stat.gouv.qc.ca

Restrictions

- for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing statistics contact Gaëtane Dubé, Direction des statistiques de santé, ISQ (gaetane.dube@stat.gouv.qc.ca)
  - for more information about restrictions that apply with respect to accessing the microdata file, contact Marc-Antoine Côté-Marcil, CADRISQ (marc-antoine.cote-marcil@stat.gouv.qc.ca) or visit the CADRISQ website at http://www.stat.gouv.qc.ca/sad/acces_microdonnees.htm

Location
- Statistics Canada:
- ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- survey is discontinued, as of 1997 it has been integrated into the Survey of Household Spending
- expenditures surveys in Canada date back to 1937 - 1938
- questionnaire items on smoking began in 1978
- data through the years are available in electronic or print formats (microdata files, diskettes, cartridge, tapes, microfiche)
- survey provides estimates of expenditures by households (spending units) and yearly budgets including all expenditures, income and changes in assets and debts
- expenditure categories include:
  - food
  - household operation
  - travel and transportation
  - personal care
  - shelter
  - clothing
  - medical and health care
  - recreation and education
  - tobacco and alcohol products
  - security
  - gifts
  - furnishings and equipment
  - miscellaneous expenses
- additional topics include:
  - geographic location
  - housing and income
  - demographic characteristics
  - labour force characteristics
  - composition of households
  - characteristics of dwelling
• sponsored and data collected by the Family Expenditure Surveys Section, Household Surveys Division, Labour and Household Surveys Branch, Statistics Canada

References


Technical Information
• cross-sectional biennial survey
  • conducted at two different scales within a 4 year cycle
  • samples varied from year to year
  • samples were selected from census metropolitan areas and census agglomerations, urban strata, 30,000+, urban-rural population size groups
• unit of analyses for surveys 1978 through 1986 were “spending units” which meant a group of persons living in one dwelling and dependent on a common or pooled income for major expenses or one financially independent individual living alone or with a roommate
  • never married children living with their parents were considered part of the spending unit
• unit of analyses for the 1990 and 1992 surveys were “households” which meant a person or group of persons occupying one dwelling; number of households equals number of occupied dwellings
  • never married children living with their parents were considered part of their parents’ household
  • income and expenditures of part-year residents of households were reported only for the time period in which they were a member of the household
• surveys conducted in 1978, 1982 and 1984 involved 15 major cities in Canada
  • excluded full-time residents of institutions, military barracks, families of official representatives to foreign countries and part-year spending units
• multi-stage, stratified clustered sample selected from the Labour Force Survey (LFS) sampling frame
  • 1978 survey: sample = 9,356 spending units
  • 1982 survey: sample = 10,938 spending units
    • 1984 survey (limited version of the 1982 Expenditures Survey): sample = 4,792 spending units
• surveys conducted in 1986, 1990 and 1992 involved all 10 Canadian provinces including Whitehorse, Northwest Territories and Yellowknife, Yukon
  • excluded full-time residents of institutions, Indian reserves, Charlottetown and Summerside, families of official representatives to foreign countries and part-year spending units or households
  • 1986 survey: sample = 10,356 spending units
  • 1990 survey: sample = not available
• 1992 survey: sample = 9,492 households
• surveys were conducted through personal interviews

Costs
• no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI

Contact Person(s)
• DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)
• Statistics Canada (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/reference/refcentre-centreref/index-eng.htm)

Restrictions
• DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
• ODESI: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

Citation Requirement
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
• publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
• Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
• to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Survey of Household Spending (1997-2011)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - Publications by Statistics Canada (Product #: 62M0004XCB)
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- provides detailed information on household expenditures, dwelling characteristics and
  ownership of household equipment
- main purpose of the survey is to obtain detailed information about household spending
  during the previous calendar year
- tobacco products are included in expenditures
- replaces Survey of Family Expenditures (FAMEX)

Technical Information
- conducted annually in the 10 provinces
- data from the territories is available for 1998, 1999, and every second year thereafter
- sample size: over 21,000 households
- sample is stratified, multi-stage sample that is selected from the Labour Force Survey
  sampling frame

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- product # 62M004XCB is free from Publications by Statistics Canada

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)
Restrictions

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- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission

**Location**
- Statistics Canada
- ODES: [http://odesi1.scholarsportal.info/webview/](http://odesi1.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

**Description**
- conducted as supplements to the Labour Force Survey and related to the Survey on Smoking in Canada, 1994
- biennial survey examining trends in the smoking behaviour of the Canadian population since 1975
  - from 1965 to 1975 smoking prevalence was monitored yearly
  - related to the Survey on Smoking in Canada, 1994 (4 cycles)
- primary focus was on three specific groups:
  - non-smokers
  - regular cigarette smokers
  - occasional smokers
- 1975 survey updates the 1974 survey and included the following topics:
  - type of smoker
  - attempts to stop smoking
  - aids used to stop smoking
  - current cigarette consumption
  - reasons for stopping smoking
  - demographic characteristics (age, gender, education, labour force status, occupation, marital status)
  - successful quitters
  - reasons for stopping smoking
- 1977 survey collected follow up data from the 1975 survey and additional data on:
  - brand of cigarette smoked
  - tar and nicotine consumption
- 1979 survey collected follow up data from the 1977 survey; same variables
- 1981 survey collected data on similar variables as the previous surveys and additional data on:
  - current consumption of tobacco products
  - previous consumption for former smokers
  - type and brand of tobacco products used

- number of attempts to stop smoking in past year
- inhaling while smoking
- age when started smoking
- demographics (age, gender, education, marital status)
- 1983 survey updated the 1981 survey with additional variables on:
  - frequency and volume of tobacco products used
  - estimates of tar and nicotine content
- 1986 survey collected data on similar variables as the previous surveys and additional data on:
  - amount of tobacco products consumed
  - characteristics of the tobacco products consumed
  - frequency of use of tobacco products
  - opinions on permissible locations for public smoking areas
  - demographic and family characteristics
  - labour force status and activity
  - occupation
  - opinions on smoking restrictions
  - use of chewing tobacco or snuff
- sponsored by the Health Promotion Studies Unit, Program Resources Division, Health Promotion Directorate, Health Services and Promotion Branch, Health and Welfare Canada
- data collected by Special Surveys Division, Labour and Household Surveys Branch, Statistics Canada

Reports/Publications


Technical Information

- sample was based on the Canadian Labour Force Survey (LFS) frame and sampling procedures
  - stratified, multi-stage area cluster sample of dwellings was selected within homogeneous economic regions of provinces
  - interviews were conducted by telephone (5% were conducted by personal interview)

- 1975 survey:
  - sample = 73,405 persons
  - conducted in December 1975
  - 14 years of age and older
  - residents of the 10 Canadian provinces
  - excluded residents of Indian reserves, full-time members of Armed Forces, institutions and foreign diplomats

- 1977 survey:
  - sample = 39,644 persons
  - conducted in December 1977
  - 15 years of age and older
  - residents of the 10 Canadian provinces
  - excluded residents of Indian reserves, full-time members of Armed Forces, institutions and foreign diplomats
  - excluded the Yukon and Northwest Territories

- 1979 survey:
  - sample = 38,982 persons; same sample characteristics as the 1977 survey (see above)
- 1981 survey
  - sample = 39,137 persons; same sample characteristics as previous surveys
- 1983 survey
  - sample = 38,249 persons; same sample characteristics as previous surveys
- 1986 survey
  - sample = 32,500 persons; same sample characteristics as previous surveys
  - telephone and personal interviews were conducted
  - not a regularly conducted survey

**Costs**
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- no cost to purchase the microdata from Statistics Canada (product #: 82M0006XDB)

**Contact Person(s)**
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

**Restrictions**
- DLI: as per DLI conditions and restrictions
- ODESI: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only

**Citation Requirement**
The following citation requirements are outlined in ODESI:
- publishing of analysis and results from research using any of the data products is permitted in research communications such as scholarly papers and journals
- Statistics Canada must be cited as the source of the data, and authors must indicate that the results or views expressed are those of the author and not Statistics Canada
- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licensing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Survey on Smoking in Canada (cycles 1, 2, 3, 4) (1994)

**Location**
- Statistics Canada
  - ODESI (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

**Description**
- began in February 1994
- quarterly telephone interviews
- monitored the smoking behaviours of Canadians for 1 year
- each of the 4 cycles collected data on current smoking status, amount smoked and except for cycle 1, reasons for change from previous cycle
- also measured changes in smoking patterns resulting from the decrease in cigarette taxes in some Canadian provinces
- cycle 1 topics included:
  - current smoking status
  - smoking patterns
  - quitting behaviour
  - amount smoked
  - age started
  - smoking in January 1994 and 2 years previous
- cycle 2 additional topics included:
  - smoking restrictions at work
  - use of alternative forms of tobacco
  - exposure to environmental tobacco smoke (ETS)
- cycle 3 additional topics included:
  - plans to quit smoking
  - methods to quit smoking
  - smoking and pregnancy
  - perceptions of health problems from smoking
- cycle 4 additional topics included:
  - attitudes toward smoking
  - amount smoked versus January 1994
  - medical advice received by smokers
  - meaning and use of “light” cigarettes
  - purchase of U.S./smuggled cigarettes
- related to Survey of Smoking Habits (product #82M0006)
- survey was sponsored by the Tobacco Demand Reduction Strategy, Health Canada
data were collected by Statistics Canada for Health Canada

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- target sample was 20,000 with 1,000 respondents in each age category (15 to 19, 20 to 24, 25 to 64, and 65+) and in each of the 5 regions of Canada
- RDD (random digit dialing) method used to contact households
  - 1 person per household participated
  - non-proxy responses used
  - aged 15 years and older
  - residents of private households
  - non-institutionalized population
  - all 10 provinces were represented
- cycle 1 (April/May 1994)
  - 18,829 households contacted
  - response rate of 84% (15,804 respondents)
- cycle 2 (August/September, 1994)
  - 15,804 households contacted
  - response rate of 85% (13, 398 respondents)
- cycle 3 (November/December, 1994)
  - 14,453 households contacted
  - response rate of 89% (12,808 respondents)
- cycle 4 (February/March, 1995)
  - 13,923 households contacted
  - response rate of 89% (12,404 respondents)
- overall from all 4 cycles = 11,119 respondents
- self-reports; no validations to assess validity of responses

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- no cost to purchase the microdata from Statistics Canada (product #82M0008XDB)
Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

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Survey on Ageing and Independence (1991)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - Publications by Statistics Canada (product #: 91M0002XDB)
- ODESII: (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- survey conducted by Statistics Canada
- objective: measure contributors to the quality of life and independent living
- examined a broad range of indicators of the following groups: 65-69, 70-70, 75-79, and 80 and over (i.e. defined as today’s seniors) and compared them to individuals currently preparing for their older years (i.e. 45-49, 50-54, 55-59, 60-64; tomorrow’s seniors)

Technical Information
- sample is representative of the civilian, non-institutionalized population 15 years of age or older in Canada's ten provinces.
- residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories, persons living on Indian Reserves, full-time members of the Canadian Armed Forces and residents of institutions were not included

Costs
- DLI: no charge
- no charge to purchase product #91M0002XDB from Statistics Canada

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

Restrictions
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- ODESII: The data is restricted to use by current students, faculty and staff of Ontario Council of University Libraries (OCUL) Member Libraries for academic research and teaching only
Citation Requirement

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- to include data in textbooks, contact the Licencing Section of Statistics Canada’s Marketing Division for permission
Survey on Drinking and Driving (1988)

Location
- Statistics Canada
  - DLI (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/about-apropos-eng.htm)
- ODESI: (http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/)

Description
- the objective of this survey was to collect attitudinal, cognitive and behavioral information regarding drinking and driving

Technical Information
- universe: included all persons aged between 16 and 69 inclusively in Canada
- universe did not include residents of the Yukon and Northwest Territories and full-time residents of institutions
- data collected by telephone interviews

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI or ODESI
- no charge to purchase product #89M0005X from Statistics Canada

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative (http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm)

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Location

Description
- related to other surveys conducted in 1983, 1988 (2 surveys) and 1996 (5th in a series of 6 surveys)
- long-term evaluation of the City of Toronto Workplace Smoking Bylaw
- 2-stage survey was conducted in 1988
- topics included:
  - smoking
  - problems arising from second-hand smoke
  - health risks associated with smoking
  - participants understanding of the smoking by-law (who should make restrictions, who should enforce restrictions)
  - how the workplace by-law affected their smoking
  - smoking in their place of employment
- phase 1 conducted before the by-law was implemented
- phase 2 conducted 8 to 9 months later
- phase 3 was divided into two components (December 1992 and March 1993)

Reports/Publications


Technical Information
- sample size for phase 3 = 1,429
- adult population of Metropolitan Toronto
- data formatted in SPSS or card image

Costs
- no charge
Contact Person(s)
- Chris Clubine-Ito, cclubine@yorku.ca, phone: 416-736-5061 ext. 77171

Restrictions
- proper accreditation must be given to ISR in all publications using the data and acknowledgement must be given to the data source
- conditions of data release are as follows:
  - all manuscripts which incorporate analyses or tabulations based upon ISR data must acknowledge the source (an acknowledgement statement can be obtained from ISR)
  - data purchased from ISR may not be disseminated outside the recipient institution
  - ISR must be notified in writing of all publications based upon ISR data
- contact ISR at York University for more information on the restrictions that apply to ISR data

Location
- Statistics Canada
- ODESI: [http://odesi.scholarsportal.info/webview/]
- TIMS: [http://tims.otru.org]
- PHDR: [https://uwaterloo.ca/propel/resources/population-health-data-repository]

Description
- first national survey to collect data on the smoking behaviour of young people living in Canada
- aimed to:
  - measure the prevalence, patterns of use and attitudes towards tobacco products among Canada’s youth
  - assess the social and demographic factors associated with smoking behaviour
  - assess the awareness of health risks due to smoking among young people
- data were used to develop education programs for Canadian youth about the health risks of smoking
- youth aged 10 - 14 years were surveyed in schools across Canada
  - school component consisted of the youth questionnaire and parent questionnaire
- topics included:
  - prevalence of smoking
  - types of smoking behaviour
  - where and how youth buy cigarettes
  - attitudes and beliefs about smoking
  - awareness of health risks
  - impact of smoking policies
  - demographics of the household
  - social and demographic factors associated with smoking behaviour (motivations/influences)
  - perception of tobacco sponsored cultural and sporting events
- youth aged 15 - 19 years were surveyed by telephone as a supplement to the Labour Force Survey
- topics for both components included:
  - prevalence of smoking among 15 - 19 year olds
  - types of smoking behaviour
  - where and how youth buy cigarettes
  - attitudes and beliefs about smoking
  - perception of tobacco sponsored cultural and sporting events

- awareness of health risks
- social and demographic factors associated with smoking behaviour (motivations/influences)
- impact of smoking policies
- basic household demographics (household composition, industry, labour force activity, occupation of parents)
- sponsored by Office of Tobacco Control, Health Canada
- data collected by Special Surveys Division, Statistics Canada for Health Canada
- Further information about the YSS is available at: http://www.yss.uwaterloo.ca/home.cfm

Reports/Publications


Additional reports and results are available at: [http://www.yss.uwaterloo.ca/index.cfm?section=5&page=273](http://www.yss.uwaterloo.ca/index.cfm?section=5&page=273)

**Technical Information**
- participants included 10-19 year olds in all 10 provinces
- youth aged 10 to 14 years
  - self-completed survey was administered through schools
  - parental telephone interview was also conducted for these individuals
- youth aged 15 to 19 years
  - interviewed by telephone as a supplement to the Labour Force Survey

- sample:
  - 9,491 youth, aged 15 to 19 years (Labour Force Survey portion)
  - stratified, multi-stage design using probability sampling in all stages
  - 14,270 youth aged 10 to 14 years (school component)
  - participants were from each of the 10 Canadian provinces
  - excluded youth living on Indian reserves, Canadian Forces Bases or institutions
  - excluded the Yukon and Northwest Territories
  - 2 stage stratified clustered design
  - further information is available at: [http://www.yss.uwaterloo.ca/home.cfm](http://www.yss.uwaterloo.ca/home.cfm)

Costs
- no charge if obtained through DLI

Contact Person(s)
- DLI representative ([http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm](http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/contact-eng.htm))

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- proper accreditation must be given to Health Canada and Statistics Canada in all publications or analyses based on the data

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RESOURCES

Canadian Council for Tobacco Control
Website: http://www.cctc.ca

Health Canada
Website: http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca

Health Nexus
Website: http://www.healthnexus.ca/index_eng.php

Ontario Ministry of Health and Long Term Care
Website: http://www.health.gov.on.ca

Ontario Tobacco Research Unit (OTRU)
Website: http://www.otru.org/

Statistics Canada - Ottawa
Email: infostats@statcan.gc.ca
Website: www.statcan.gc.ca

Statistics Canada—Data Liberation Initiative
Website: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/dli-ild/dli-idd-eng.htm

Statistics Canada—Publications

Statistics Canada—Research Data Centres Program
Website: http://www.statcan.gc.ca/rdc-cdr/index-eng.htm